



**Business
Services**

TECHNICAL GUIDE to access Business Talk & BTIP Cisco CUCM

versions addressed in this guide: 12.0 & 12.5

Version of 30/04/2021

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1 Goal of this document

The aim of this document is to list technical requirements to ensure the interoperability between Cisco CUCM IPBX with Business Talk IP SIP, hereafter so-called “service”.

2 Certified architectures

2.1 Introduction to architecture components and features

This document describes “only” the main supported architectures either strictly used by our customers or that are used as reference to add specific usages often required in enterprise context (specific ecosystems, redundancy, multi-codec and/or transcoding, recording...)

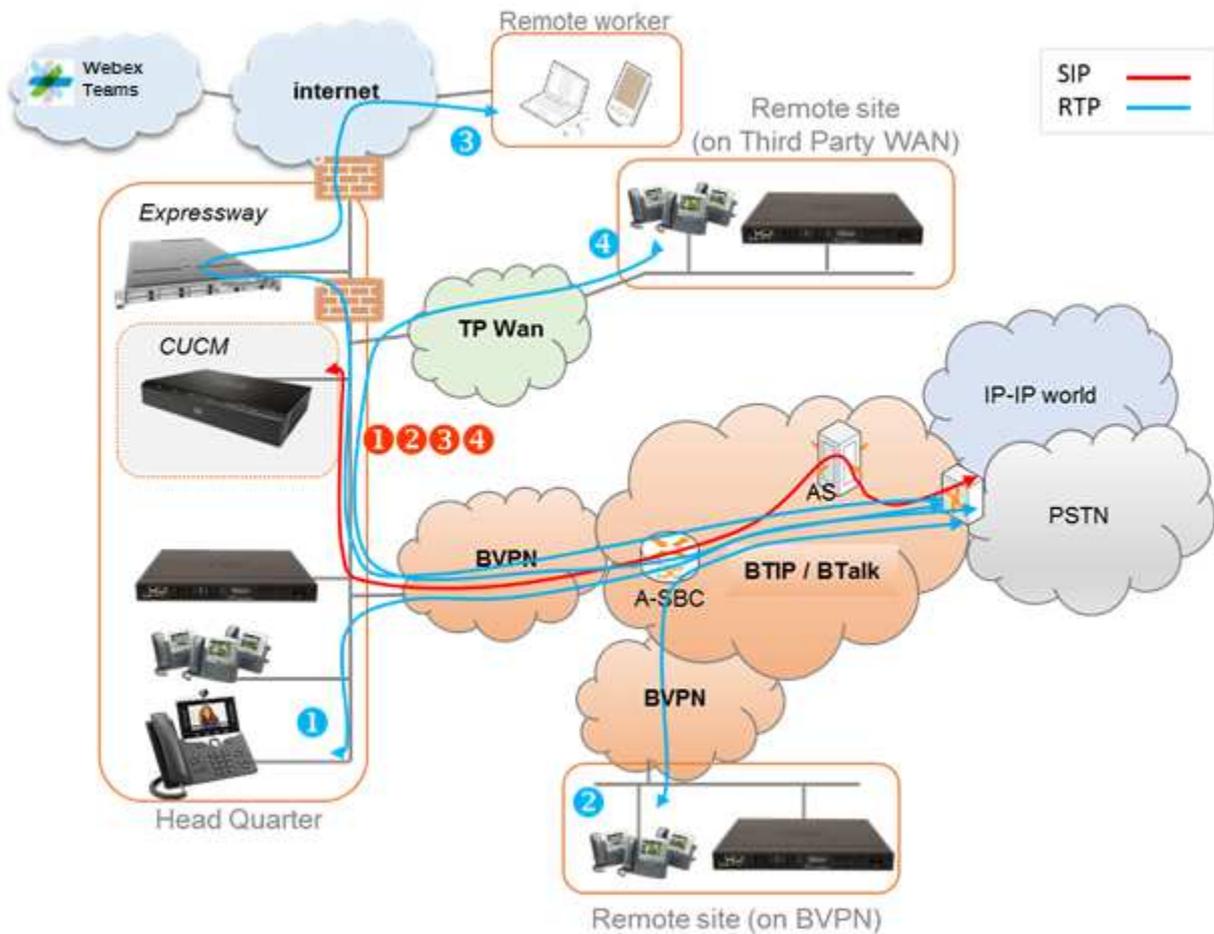
Concerning the fax support, Business talk and BTIP support the following usage:

- fax servers connected to the IPBX -and sharing same dial plan-, or as separate ecosystems -and separate dial plan-
- analog fax machines, usually connected on specific gateways* (seen as IPBX ecosystem or not)

Fax flows are handled via T.38 transport only.

Concerning the Quality of Service, Business VPN and BTIP/BTalk networks trust the DSCP (Differentiated Services Code Point) values sent by customer voice equipment. That’s why Orange strongly recommends to set the IPBX, IP phones and other voice applications with a DiffServ/TOS value = 46 (or PHB value = EF) at least for media.

2.2 CUCM without CUBE



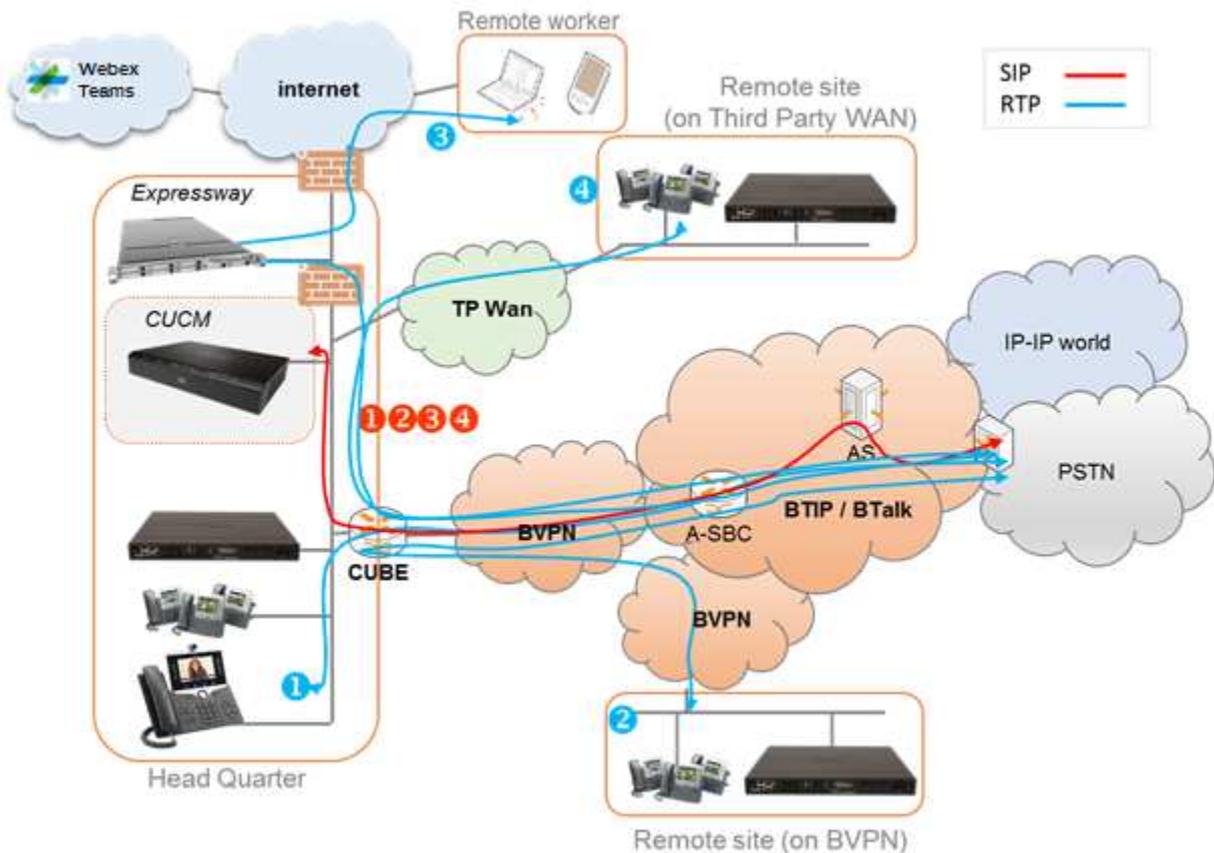
Notes :

- in the diagram above, the SIP, proprietary and Webex Teams internal flows are hidden.
- call flows will be the similar with or without CUCM redundancy

In this architecture :

- all 'SIP trunking' signaling flows are carried by the CUCM server and routed on the main BVPN connection.
- Media flows are direct between endpoints and the Business Talk/BTIP but IP routing differs from one site to another :
 - For the Head Quarter site, media flows are just routed on the main BVPN connection
 - For Remote sites on BVPN, media flows are just routed on the local BVPN connection (= **distributed architecture**),
 - For Remote sites on Third Party WAN, media flows are routed through the Head Quarter (but not through the IPBX) and use the main BVPN connection (= **centralized architecture**).

2.3 CUCM with CUBE (Cisco Unified Border Element)



Notes :

- in the diagram above, the SIP, proprietary and Webex Teams internal flows are hidden.
- call flows will be similar with or without CUCM redundancy.

In this architecture, all SIP trunks are anchored by the CUBE but with 2 modes for the media :

- “Flow-through” mode → signalling and media flows cross the CUBE.
- “Flow-around” mode → signaling flows cross the CUBE, but media flows go directly towards endpoints

Note: BTol/BTIPol only work with flow-through mode due to transcoding between RTP and SRTP performed on CUBE.



Media Flow-Through

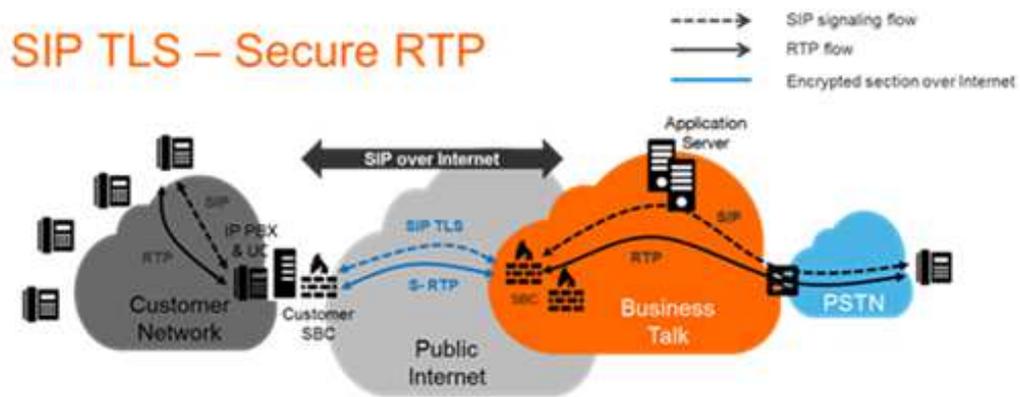
- Signaling and media terminated by the Cisco Unified Border Element
- Transcoding and complete IP address hiding require this model



Media Flow-Around

- Only Signaling is terminated on CUBE
- Media bypasses the Cisco Unified Border Element

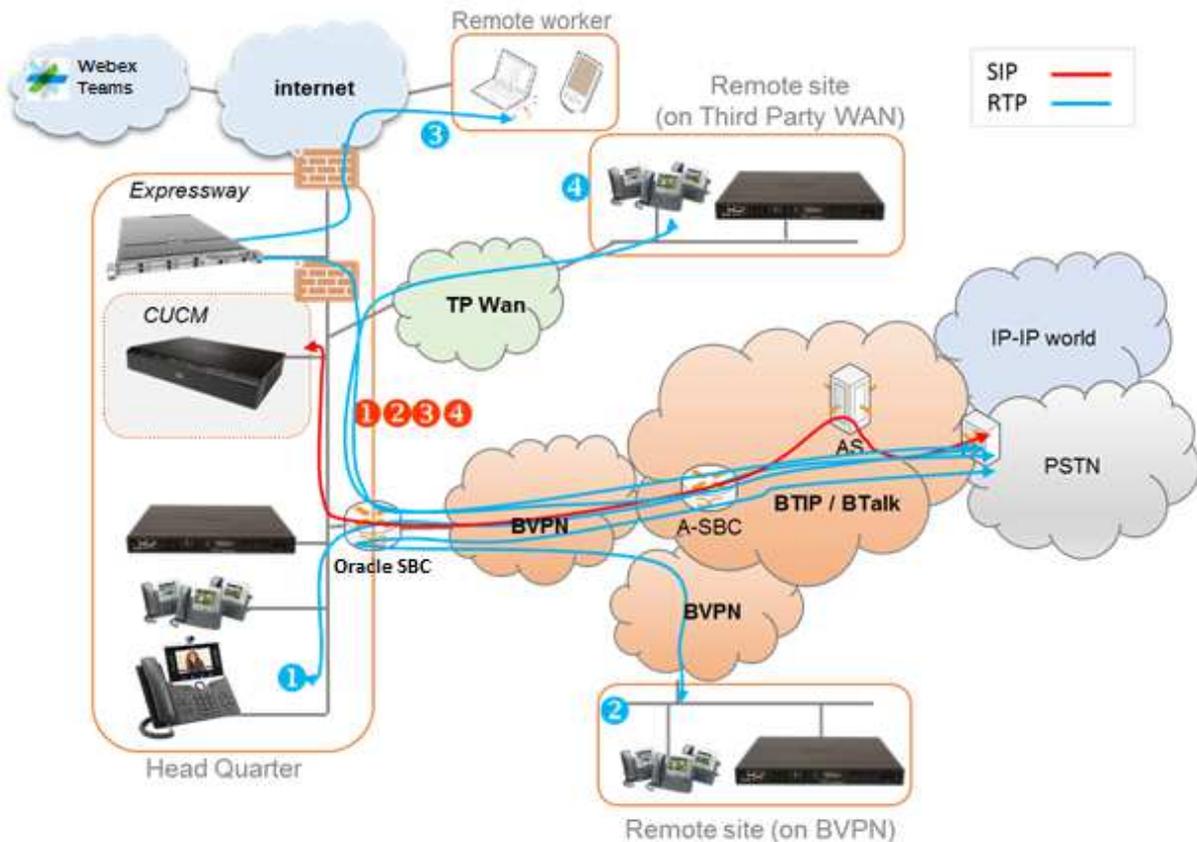
2.3.1 Business Talk over Internet (BTol) & Business Talk IP over Internet (BTIPol)



In this architecture, all SIP trunks are anchored by the CUBE in flow-through mode for the media. Traffic between CUBE and Orange A-SBC is carried over public internet. The traffic is encrypted with TLS v.1.2 for signaling and SRTP for media. CUBE on ISR G3 chassis performs transcoding between RTP and SRTP by default therefore internal traffic within customer site can be unencrypted.

BTol/BTIPol architecture has been certified with CUCM 12.5 and CUBE ISR 4000 series running IOS-XE 16.9.5.

2.4 CUCM with Oracle SBC (Session Border Controller)



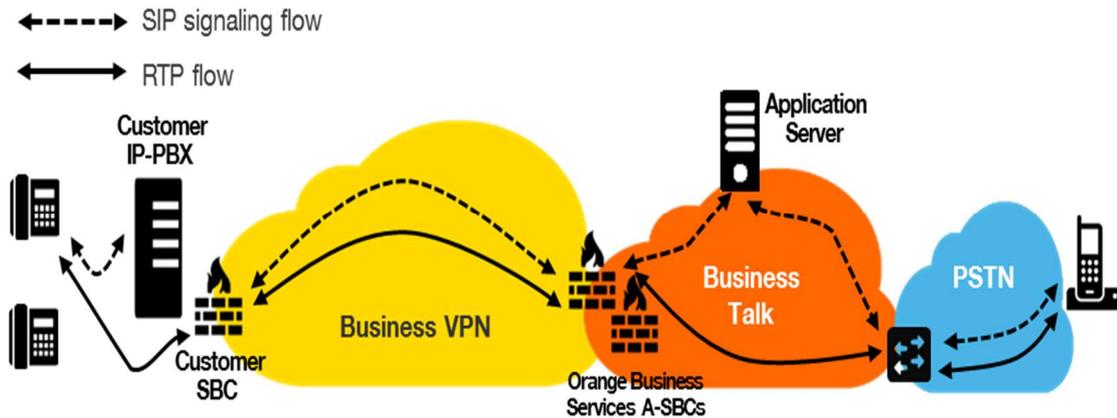
In this architecture, all SIP trunks are anchored by the Oracle Enterprise SBC. The call flows are very similar to the architecture with Cisco CUBE. Session Border Controller is mostly transparent for SIP traffic. It can also be used for TLS encryption ensuring secure traffic between Oracle ESBC and Orange SBC.

Oracle Enterprise SBC v.8.2 has been validated with Cisco CUCM v.12.0.

The following features have been tested for CUCM with Oracle SBC integration:

- Basic Telephony features (basic calls, CLIR, forward, transfer, MoH, DTMF)
 - IP Phones
 - FXS Gateway for analog phones
- Fax
 - Sagem Xmedius Fax server
 - SIP Fax on FXS Gateway
- TLS Encryption between Oracle ESBC and Orange SBC

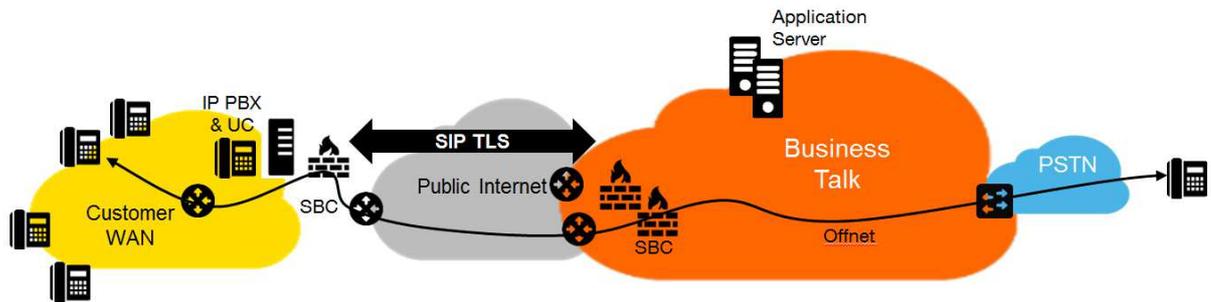
2.4.1 Unsecured SIP Trunk



In this architecture :

- Both 'SIP trunking' and RTP media flows between endpoints and the Business Talk/BTIP are anchored by the "customer SBC". For the Head Quarter & remote sites sites, media flows are routed through the SBC and the main BVPN connection.
- Both 'SIP trunking' on North (OBS Carrier) and South side of the SBC must be configured in "clear" mode though UDP.

2.4.2 Secured SIP Trunk



In this architecture :

- both 'SIP trunking' and RTP media flows between endpoints and the Business Talk/BTIP are anchored by the "customer SBC". For the Head Quarter & remote sites sites, media flows are routed through the SBC then Internet.
- 'SIP trunking' on North (OBS Carrier) side of the SBC must be configured in "secured" mode though TLS encryption and media.

3 Parameters to be provided by customer to access service

IP addresses marked in red have to be indicated by the customer, depending on customer architecture scenario.

3.1 CUCM without CUBE

Head Quarter (HQ) or Branch Office (BO) architecture	Level of Service	Customer IP addresses used by service	
		Nominal	Backup
CUCM Business Edition (1 server)	No redundancy (1 Publisher)	CUCMBE IP@	N/A
CUCM (1 Publisher + 1 Subscriber)	Local redundancy Subscriber (Nominal) / Publisher (Backup) Publisher and Subscriber are on different servers)	Subscriber IP@	Publisher IP@
CUCM (1 Publisher + 2 Subscribers) Subscribers Nominal/Backup	- Local redundancy Subscriber1 (Nominal) / Subscriber2 (Backup) - If more than 1 Subscriber, the SIP trunks are held by the Subscribers. The Publisher holds the database.	Subscriber1 IP@	Subscriber2 IP@
CUCM (1 Publisher + 2 Subscribers) Subscribers Load Sharing	- Local redundancy and Load Sharing Subscriber1 / Subscriber2 - The Subscribers share the load in a round robin fashion (Also applicable with N Subscribers)	Subscriber1 IP@ Subscriber2 IP@	N/A
CUCM with clustering over WAN (1 Publisher + 1 Subscriber)	- Site redundancy: Subscriber and Publisher servers hosted by 2 different physical sites	Subscriber IP@	Publisher IP@
CUCM with clustering over WAN (1 Publisher + 2 Subscribers) Subscribers Nominal/Backup	- Site redundancy: the 2 Subscribers are hosted by 2 different physical sites (Subscriber1(Nominal) / Subscriber2(Backup)) - If more than 1 Subscriber, the SIP trunks are held by the Subscribers. The Publisher holds the database.	Subscriber1 IP@	Subscriber2 IP@
CUCM with clustering over WAN (1 Publisher + 2 Subscribers) Subscribers Load Sharing	- Site redundancy: the 2 Subscribers are hosted by 2 different physical sites (Subscriber1 + Subscriber2) - The Subscribers share the load in a round robin fashion	Subscriber1 IP@ Subscriber2 IP@	N/A
		Nominal	Backup
Remote site without survivability	No survivability, no trunk redundancy	N/A	N/A
SRST	Local site survivability and trunk redundancy via PSTN only	N/A	N/A

3.2 CUCM with CUBE (flow through)

Head Quarter (HQ) or Branch Office (BO) architecture	Level of Service	Customer IP addresses used by service	
		Nominal	Backup
CUCM + Single CUBE	No redundancy	CUBE IP@	N/A
CUCM + 2 CUBES warning: - Site access capacity to be sized adequately on the site carrying the 2nd CUBE in case both CUBEs are based on different sites	- Local redundancy: if both CUBES are hosted by the same site (CUBE1+CUBE2) - Geographical redundancy: if each CUBE is hosted by different sites (CUBE1+CUBE2)	CUBE1 IP@	CUBE2 IP@
		Nominal	Backup
Remote site without survivability	No survivability, no trunk redundancy	N/A	N/A
SRST	Local site survivability and trunk redundancy via PSTN only	N/A	N/A

3.3 CUCM with Oracle SBC

Head Quarter (HQ) or Branch Office (BO) architecture	Level of Service	Customer IP addresses used by service	
		Nominal	Backup
CUCM + Oracle SBC	No redundancy	Oracle IP@	N/A
CUCM + 2 Oracle SBC Nominal / Backup mode	- Local redundancy: both SBC are hosted on the same site OR - Geographical redundancy both SBC are hosted on 2 different sites	Oracle IP@	Oracle2 IP@
CUCM + 2 Oracle SBC Load Sharing	- Local redundancy: both SBC are hosted on the same site OR - Geographical redundancy both SBC are hosted on 2 different sites	Oracle IP@	Oracle2 IP@
CUCM + 2 Customer SBC HA mode	- Local redundancy: both SBC are hosted on the same site OR - Geographical redundancy both SBC are hosted on 2 different sites warning: Link level 2 between SBC with max delay 50ms required for geo-redundancy	Oracle Virtual IP@	N/A

3.4 BTol & BTIPol

Head Quarter (HQ) or Branch Office (BO) architecture	Level of Service	Customer IP addresses used by service	
		Nominal	Backup
CUCM + Single CUBE	No redundancy	CUBE public FQDN* DNS type A	N/A
CUCM + 2 CUBES warning: - Site access capacity to be sized adequately on the site carrying the 2nd CUBE in case both CUBEs are based on different sites	- Local redundancy: if both CUBES are hosted by the same site (CUBE1+CUBE2) - Geographical redundancy: if each CUBE is hosted by different sites (CUBE1+CUBE2)	CUBE1 public FQDN* DNS type A	CUBE2 public FQDN* DNS type A

*BTIPol can be reached using FQDN only, whereas BTol can be reached either via FQDN or public IP address.

3.4.1 Preliminary configuration

In order to establish the connection with public interface of A-SBC, several preliminary configuration steps have to be performed not related to CUBE configuration. These involve the following:

- Public IP address assignment
- Public DNS record
- Firewall updates
- Certificate updates

3.4.1.1 Public IP address assignment

The certified solution is using a public IP address directly configured on CUBE interface placed within DMZ. It is possible to use NAT address translation since public IP addresses can be limited, however this is not part of standard configuration and require additional modifications to be included on CUBE. Such setup would require a study and validation on customer's request.

3.4.1.2 Public DNS record

Orange A-SBC can be reached via Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) deployed on public DNS. Customer premises CUBE requires records on public DNS that enable to reach it using FQDN via public internet. BTIPol can be reached using FQDN only, whereas BTol can be reached either via FQDN or public IP address.

3.4.1.3 Firewall updates

Firewalls in the way of traffic between CUBE and A-SBC have to be updated in order to open required ports. BTol and BTIPol vary concerning the UDP port range.

3.4.1.4 Certificate updates

In order to ensure the security of traffic, certificates need to be aligned between CUBE and Orange A-SBC. CUBE would require a certificate signed by a public certificate authority and root CA certificate (including any intermediate certificates in the path). This is described in detail in CUBE secure configuration. The customer should retrieve OBS Root/Intermediate certificates and import those in case of using a different Public Certificate Authority on their side. This is described in detail in CUBE secure configuration.

3.4.1.5 TLS cipher suites support

The following cipher suites are supported by Orange SBC for TLS 1.2

- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
- TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
- TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
- TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
- TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256

Currently, Cisco CUBE supports the following cipher suites that are compliant with Orange SBC. At least one cipher suite must be aligned in order for BTol/BTIPol to work.

- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256

Full list of cipher suites supported by CUBE IOS-XE 16.9.5 for TLS 1.2 can be found below:

- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

- TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA1
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
- TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
- TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384

Additional cipher suites are added in IOS-XE 17.3.1a (not validated currently):

- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
- TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
- TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

4 Certified software and hardware versions

4.1 CUCM certified versions

Cisco IPBX			
Equipment	Equipment Version	validation status	IPBX Version
CUCM CBE5000/6000	R12.0	✓	Load 12.0.1.21900-7 min
	R12.5	✓	Load 12.5.1.10000-22 min

4.2 Cisco Unified Border Element (CUBE) certified versions

Cisco Unified Border Element (CUBE)					
Equipment	Equipment Version	validation status	IPBX Version	Comment	
CUBE - flow-through mode	BVPN	16.6.3	✓	R12.0	
		17.3.2	✓	R12.5	
	BTol & BTIPol	17.3.2	✓	R12.5	
CUBE – flow-around mode		16.6.3	✓	R12.0	BTol and BTIPol are not supported in flow-around mode
		17.3.2	✓	R12.5	

4.3 Oracle ESBC certified versions

Oracle ESBC				
Equipment	Equipment Version	validation status	IPBX Version	Comment
Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller	8.2 Patch 2 (Build 58)	✓	R12.0	

4.4 CUCM certified applications and devices versions

Cisco ecosystems					
Equipment	Equipment Version	validation status	IPBX Version	Comment	
Attendant Console	CUxAC	12.0.x	✓	R12.0	Standard and Advanced editions
				R12.5	
Voice Mail	Unity Connection	12.0.1000-6	✓	R12.0	
		12.5	✓	R12.5	
	Unity Express	12.0.x	✓	R12.0	
Contact center	UCCX	12.0.x	✓	R12.0	
MGW	Cisco IOS Cascaded MediaGateway (ISR 28xx/38xx)		not supported	R12.0	
			not supported	R12.5	

	Cisco IOS Cascaded MediaGateway (ISR 29xx/39xx)	15.7(3)M	✓	R12.x	SIP Fax and analog phone supported
	Cisco IOS Cascaded MediaGateway (ISR 43xx/44xx)	16.6.3	✓	R12.0	SIP Fax and analog phone supported
		16.9.4	✓	R12.5	
	Analog GW Cisco ATA191	12-0-1SR2-3	✓	R12.5	SIP Fax and analog phone supported
	Audiocodes MP112 FXS		on demand	R12.x	
	Analog GW Cisco VG 224		not supported	R12.x	
	Analog GW Cisco VG 202-204		not supported	R12.x	
	Analog GW Cisco VG 202-204 XM	15.5(3)M2	✓	R12.x	SIP Fax and analog phone supported
	Analog GW Cisco VG 310-320-350	15.7(3)M	✓	R12.x	SIP Fax and analog phone supported
	Analog GW Cisco VG 450	16.10.01a	✓	R12.5	SIP Fax and analog phone supported
	Analog GW Cisco ATA190	1.2.1(004)	✓	R12.0	SIP Fax and analog phone supported
		1.2.2(003)	✓	R12.5	
VOIP	Cisco VoIP GW		on demand	R12.x	
	OneAccess VoIP GW (Business Livebox)		on demand	R12.x	
Phones	Cisco Unified Communication Manager Assistant (IPMA)		not supported	R12.x	
	All Cisco SCCP phones (skinny)		✓	R12.x	
	All Cisco SIP phones		✓	R12.x	
	IPCommunicator SCCP		not supported	R12.x	
	Jabber	11.9.3	✓	R12.x	
	CUCILync		✓	R12.x	
	IP DECT ASCOM		✓	R12.x	
Third Party Equipments	Conecteo KIAMO	6.1	✓	R11.x R12.0	Dorsal mode

5 Cisco Call Manager configuration

The checklists below present all the configuration steps required for interoperability between the service and CUCM.

Cisco Call Manager Service	
Codec and payload configuration	
Menu	Value
System > Service Parameters > Appropriate server > Cisco CallManager (Active) > Advanced > Clusterwide Parameters (System – Location and Region)	
Preferred G.711 Millisecond Packet Size	20
Preferred G.729 Millisecond Packet Size	20
G.722 Codec Enabled	Enabled for All Devices
Cisco CallManager Service	
Codec and payload configuration	
System > Service Parameters > Appropriate server > Cisco CallManager (Active) > Advanced Clusterwide Parameters (Service)	
Duplex Streaming Enabled	True
Media Exchange Timer	5
Silence suppression	False
Silence suppression for Gateways	False
Media Exchange Timer	True
Cisco CallManager Service	
SIP Parameters	
System > Service Parameters > Appropriate server > Cisco CallManager (Active) > Advanced Clusterwide Parameters (Device - SIP)	
Retry Count for SIP Invite	1
SIP Session Expires Timer	86400
Cisco CallManager Service	
System – QOS Parameters	
System > Service Parameters > Appropriate server > Cisco CallManager (Active) > Advanced Clusterwide Parameters (System - QOS)	
DSCP for Video Calls	34 (100010)
Cisco CallManager Service	
Enterprise Parameters	
System > Enterprise Parameters	
Advertise G.722 Codec	Enabled
Cisco CallManager Service	
Cisco IP Voice Media Streaming Application service	
System > Service Parameters > Appropriate server > Cisco IP Voice Media Streaming App (Active)	
MTP Run Flag	False
Supported MOH Codec	G711alaw/G711ulaw, G729 Annex A

Cisco CallManager Service																					
Region configuration																					
Menu	Value																				
System > Region Information > Region																					
Regions configuration for customer using G.729	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>To</th> <th>From</th> <th>HQ</th> <th>RS</th> <th>WAN</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>HQ</td> <td></td> <td>G711</td> <td>G729</td> <td>G729</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RS</td> <td></td> <td>G729</td> <td>G711</td> <td>G729</td> </tr> <tr> <td>WAN</td> <td></td> <td>G729</td> <td>G729</td> <td>G711</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	To	From	HQ	RS	WAN	HQ		G711	G729	G729	RS		G729	G711	G729	WAN		G729	G729	G711
To	From	HQ	RS	WAN																	
HQ		G711	G729	G729																	
RS		G729	G711	G729																	
WAN		G729	G729	G711																	
Regions configuration for customer using G.711	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>To</th> <th>From</th> <th>HQ</th> <th>RS</th> <th>WAN</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>HQ</td> <td></td> <td>G711</td> <td>G711</td> <td>G711</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RS</td> <td></td> <td>G711</td> <td>G711</td> <td>G711</td> </tr> <tr> <td>WAN</td> <td></td> <td>G711</td> <td>G711</td> <td>G711</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	To	From	HQ	RS	WAN	HQ		G711	G711	G711	RS		G711	G711	G711	WAN		G711	G711	G711
To	From	HQ	RS	WAN																	
HQ		G711	G711	G711																	
RS		G711	G711	G711																	
WAN		G711	G711	G711																	
Cisco CallManager Service																					
Device Pool Configuration																					
System > Device Pool > Add new																					
New Device Pool	Device Pool configuration: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The number of Device Pools at least should be the same as the number of site • Every Device Pool should have appropriate Region and Location value <p>Note: MOH server requires a separate Device Pool configuration.</p>																				
Cisco CallManager Service																					
Locations (Call Admission Control)																					
System > Location Info> Location > Add new																					
New Location	<p>Warning! RSVP locations are not supported!</p> <p>Create the necessary locations and configure the bandwidth for each.</p>																				

Media Resources

Transcoder configuration : Warning! Hardware MTP resources on IOS Gateway and software MTP resource on CUCM are NOT SUPPORTED. Software MTPs on IOS Gateway are SUPPORTED in BT/BTIP SIP Trunking.

Menu	Value
Media Resources > Transcoder > Add new	
Transcoder Type	Cisco IOS Enhanced Media Termination Point
Device Name	Use the name configured in sccp ccm group in the IOS
Device Pool	Use the appropriate Device Pool
Trusted Rely Point	Unchecked

Media Resources

Conference Bridge configuration

Media Resources > Conference Bridge > Add new	
Conference Bridge Type	Cisco IOS Enhanced Media Termination Point
Device Name	Use the name configured in sccp ccm group in the IOS
Device Pool	Use the appropriate Device Pool
Device Security Mode	Non Secure Conference Bridge

Media Resources

Multicast Music on Hold

CUCM configuration - Region

System > Region Information > Region > Add new	
New Region	Please refer to chapter on Region configuration for additional information. With this configuration, all devices in “MoH Multicast” region will use G.711 as codec for sending RTP packets to devices to all other regions and also for the “WAN” region where codec G.711 will be used.

Media Resources

Multicast Music on Hold

CUCM configuration – Device Pool

System > Device Pool > Add new	
New Device Pool	Choose a name and associate the Region “MoH Multicast” to this new Device Pool.

Media Resources

Multicast Music on Hold

CUCM configuration - Audio Source Configuration

Media Resources > Music On Hold Audio Source > Add new	
Play continuously (repeat)	Checked
Allow Multicasting	Checked

Media Resources Multicast Music on Hold CUCM configuration - Multicast MoH server configuration	
Menu	Value
Media Resources > Music On Hold Server	
Device Pool	Checked
Enable Multi-cast Audio Sources on this MoH Server	Checked
Base Multi-cast IP Address	239.1.1.1 <i>(example)</i>
Base Multi-cast IP Port	16384 <i>(example)</i>
Increment Multi-cast on	IP Address
Max Hops (per Audio Source in Selected Audio Sources configuration area)	1
Media Resources Multicast Music on Hold CUCM configuration - Multicast MoH server configuration	
Media Resources > Media Resource Group	
Appropriate Media Resource Group	Check the Use Multicast for MoH Audio checkbox to allow multicast with this resource group.
Media Resources Multicast Music on Hold Router configuration – Audio file	
Frequency	9kHz
Coded with	8bit
Audio mode	Mono
Codec type	CCITT u-law
Media Resources Multicast Music on Hold Router configuration – IOS Commands	
Commands	ccm-manager music-on-hold call-manager-fallback max-conferences 4 ip source-address 10.108.105.254 port 2000 max-ephones 24 max-dn 48 moh TheJourneyAndTheWind.alaw.wav multicast moh 239.1.1.1 port 16384 route 210.72.240.13 10.108.105.254
Media Resources Multicast Music on Hold Media Resource Group Lists configuration	
Media resources	Warning! Media Resources, which are not associated with any MRG are available to every device in the cluster by default. Media Resources > Media Resource Group > Add new Resources > Media Resource Group List > Add new

Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Diversion Header manipulation	
Partition	
Menu	Value
Call Routing -> Class of Control -> Partition -> Add new	
Name	DIV-HEADER-PT
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Diversion Header manipulation	
Called Party Transformation Pattern	
Call Routing -> Transformation -> Transformation Pattern -> Called PartyTransformation Pattern -> Add New	
Pattern	XXXX
Prefix digits	Site Prefix
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Diversion Header manipulation	
Calling Search Space	
Call Routing -> Class of Control -> Calling Search Space -> Add New	
Name	DIV-HEADER-CSS
Selected Partitions	DIV-HEADER-PT
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Basic Configuration	
Sip Trunk Security Profile	
System > Security > SIP Trunk Security Profile, select "Non Secure SIP Trunk Profile" from SIP Trunk Security Profile List	
Incoming Transport Type	TCP + UDP
Outgoing Transport Type	UDP
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Basic Configuration	
SIP Profile	
Device > Device Settings > SIP Profile	
User-Agent and Server header information	Send Unified CM Version Information as User-Agent Header
Version in User Agent and Server Header	Full Build
SIP Rel1XX Options	Send PRACK for 1xx Messages
Early Offer support for voice and video	Mandatory (insert MTP if needed)
Send send-receive SDP in mid-call INVITE	Checked
Ping Interval for In-service and Partially In-service Trunks (seconds)	300
Ping Interval for Out-of-service Trunks (seconds)	5
Version in User Agent and Sever Header	Full build
Session Refresh Method	INVITE or UPDATE

Version in User Agent and Sever Header - inject info about full version of CUCM

Session Refresh Method - since CUCM 10.0 there is additional method – “UPDATE”. “INVITE” should be used by default.

Off-net calling via BT/BTIP

Basic Configuration

SIP Normalization Script

Device > Device Settings > SIP normalization script > Add new

SIP Normalization Script is applied to SIP trunk and is required to adapt the SIP signaling to the form expected by BT/BTIP infrastructure. The content of the script is given below:

```
-- Orange SIP Normalization Script v11
-- this is normalization script for uc 12.x
M = {}

-- This is called when an INVITE message is sent
function M.outbound_INVITE(msg)
    local sdp = msg:getSdp()
    if sdp
    then
        -- remove b=TIAS:
        sdp = sdp:gsub("b=TIAS:%d*\r\n", "")
        -- store the updated sdp in the message object
        msg:setSdp(sdp)
    end
end

--modifying of Server header in 183 messages
function M.outbound_183_INVITE(msg)
    -- change 183 to 180 if sdp
    local sdp = msg:getSdp()
    if sdp
    then
        msg:setResponseCode(180, "Ringing")
    end
end

--modifying of Server header in 488 messages
function M.outbound_488_INVITE(msg)
    -- change 488 to 503 if sdp
    msg:setResponseCode(503, "Service Unavailable")
end

--handling of 400 errors
function M.inbound_400_INVITE(msg)
    local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
    if reason
    then
        msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
    else
        msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
    end
end

--handling of 403 errors
function M.inbound_403_INVITE(msg)
```

```

local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
end
end

--handling of 408 errors
function M.inbound_408_INVITE(msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
msg:removeHeader("Reason")
end
end

-- handling of 480 errors
function M.inbound_480_INVITE(msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if not reason
then
msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=20")
end
end

--handling of 481 errors
function M.inbound_481_INVITE(msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
else
msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
end
end

--handling of 487 errors
function M.inbound_487_INVITE(msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if not reason
then
msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=16")
end
end

--handling of 488 errors
function M.inbound_488_INVITE(msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if not reason
then
msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=127")
end
end

--handling of 500 errors
function M.inbound_500_INVITE(msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
else
msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
end
end

--handling of 501 errors

```

```

function M.inbound_501_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
  else
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
  end
end

--handling of 502 errors
function M.inbound_502_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:removeHeader("Reason")
  end
end

-- handling of 503 errors
function M.inbound_503_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
  else
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
  end
end

-- handling of 505 errors
function M.inbound_505_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
  else
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
  end
end

-- handling of 513 errors
function M.inbound_513_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
  else
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
  end
end

-- addition of PAI header if incoming INVITE includes Privacy
header
function M.inbound_INVITE(msg)
  -- get Privacy header
  local privacy = msg:getHeader("Privacy")
  if privacy
  then
    -- get From and Pai
    from = msg:getHeader("From")
    pai = msg:getHeader("P-Asserted-Identity")
    --check if Pai header is not present
    if pai==nil
    then
      -- add Pai header filled with From URI value

```

```
        local uri = string.match(from, "(<.+>")
        msg:addHeader("P-Asserted-Identity", uri)
    end
end
end
return M
```

Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Basic Configuration	
SIP Trunk Configuration	
Menu	Value
Device > Trunk > Add new	
Device Pool	Choose Device Pool which include Region and Location value
Media Resource Group List	MRGL
Redirecting Diversion Header Delivery - Inbound	Checked
Redirecting Diversion Header Delivery - outbound	Checked
Destination Address	SBC IP Address
SIP Trunk Security Profile	SIP Trunk Security Profile name
SIP Profile	Standard SIP Profile with PRAKs, EO, Send-recv
DTMF Signaling Method	RFC 2833
Normalization Script	SIP Normalization Script name (currently v8)
Enable Trace	Unchecked
Redirecting Party Transformation CSS	DIV-HEADER-CSS
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Basic Configuration	
Route Group	
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route group > Add new	
Distribution algorithm	Top Down
Selected devices	both SIP trunks to ORACLE/ACMEs
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Basic Configuration	
Route List	
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route list > Add new	
Selected Groups	Route Group with SIP trunks to BT/BTIP
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Basic Configuration	
Route Pattern	
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route Pattern > Add new	
Route Pattern	Specific Route Pattern
Gateway/Route List	Route List name
Call Classification	OffNet
Discard Digits	PreDot Trailing#
On-net calling	
Basic Configuration	
The configuration of such intercluster SIP Trunk is the same as the one described for off-net calls except that on trunk between sites there is no SIP Normalization Script .	
SME Architecture (ON CUSTOMER DEMAND)	
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	

SIP Trunk Security Profile (at CUCM SME and CUCM)	
Menu	Value
System > Security > SIP Trunk Security Profile > Add new	
Incoming Transport Type	TCP + UDP
Outgoing Transport Type	UDP
SME Architecture	
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
SIP Trunk Security Profile (at CUCM SME and CUCM)	
Device > Device Settings > SIP Profile	
User-Agent and Server header information	Send Unified CM Version Information as User-Agent Header
Version in User Agent and Server Header	Full Build
SIP Rel1XX Options	Send PRACK for 1xx Messages
Early Offer support for voice and video calls (insert MTP if needed)	Checked
Send send-receive SDP in mid-call INVITE	Checked
Ping Interval for In-service and Partially In-service Trunks (seconds)	300
Ping Interval for Out-of-service Trunks (seconds)	5
SME Architecture	
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
SIP Normalization Script (at CUCM SME)	
Device > Device Settings > SIP normalization script > Add new	
<p>SIP Normalization Script is applied to SIP trunk at CUCM SME and is required to adapt the SIP signaling to the form expected by BT/BTIP infrastructure. Create the script.</p> <p>The content of the script is given below:</p> <pre> -- Orange SIP Normalization Script v11 -- this is normalization script for uc 12.x M = {} -- This is called when an INVITE message is sent function M.outbound_INVITE(msg) local sdp = msg:getSdp() if sdp then -- remove b=TIAS: sdp = sdp:gsub("b=TIAS:%d*\r\n", "") -- store the updated sdp in the message object msg:setSdp(sdp) end end --modifying of Server header in 183 messages function M.outbound_183_INVITE(msg) -- change 183 to 180 if sdp local sdp = msg:getSdp() if sdp then msg:setResponseCode(180, "Ringing") end end </pre>	

```

end

--modifying of Server header in 488 messages
function M.outbound_488_INVITE(msg)
  -- change 488 to 503 if sdp
  msg:setResponseCode(503, "Service Unavailable")
end

--handling of 400 errors
function M.inbound_400_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
  else
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
  end
end

--handling of 403 errors
function M.inbound_403_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
  end
end

--handling of 408 errors
function M.inbound_408_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:removeHeader("Reason")
  end
end

-- handling of 480 errors
function M.inbound_480_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if not reason
  then
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=20")
  end
end

--handling of 481 errors
function M.inbound_481_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
  else
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
  end
end

--handling of 487 errors
function M.inbound_487_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if not reason
  then
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=16")
  end
end

```

```
--handling of 488 errors
function M.inbound_488_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if not reason
  then
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=127")
  end
end

--handling of 500 errors
function M.inbound_500_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
  else
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
  end
end

--handling of 501 errors
function M.inbound_501_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
  else
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
  end
end

--handling of 502 errors
function M.inbound_502_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:removeHeader("Reason")
  end
end

-- handling of 503 errors
function M.inbound_503_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
  else
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
  end
end

-- handling of 505 errors
function M.inbound_505_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
  else
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
  end
end

-- handling of 513 errors
function M.inbound_513_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
```

```

then
  msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
else
  msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
end
end

-- addition of PAI header if incoming INVITE includes Privacy
header
function M.inbound_INVITE(msg)
-- get Privacy header
local privacy = msg:getHeader("Privacy")
if privacy
then
  -- get From and Pai
  from = msg:getHeader("From")
  pai = msg:getHeader("P-Asserted-Identity")
  --check if Pai header is not present
  if pai==nil
  then
    -- add Pai header filled with From URI value
    local uri = string.match(from, "(<.+>")
    msg:addHeader("P-Asserted-Identity", uri)
  end
end
end
end

return M

```

SME Architecture

Off-net calling via BT/BTIP

SIP Trunk Configuration to offnet (at CUCM SME)

Menu	Value
Device > Trunk > Add new	
Device Pool	Choose Device Pool which include Region and Location value
Media Resource Group List	None
Redirecting Diversion Header Delivery - Inbound	Checked
Destination Address	SBC IP Address
SIP Trunk Security Profile	SIP Trunk Secure Profile name
SIP Profile	Standard SIP Profile with PRACKs, EO and Send-recv
Normalization Script	SIP Normalization Script name
Enable Trace	Unchecked

SME Architecture

Off-net calling via BT/BTIP

Route group (at CUCM SME)

Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route group > Add new

Distribution algorithm	Top Down
Selected devices	both SIP trunks to ORACLE/ACMEs

SME Architecture

Off-net calling via BT/BTIP

Route list (at CUCM SME)

Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route list > Add new	
Selected Groups	Route Group with SIP trunks to BT/BTIP
SME Architecture	
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Route pattern (at CUCM SME)	
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route Pattern > Add new	
Route Pattern	Specific Route Pattern
Gateway/Route List	Route List name
Call Classification	OffNet
Discard Digits	PreDot Trailing#

SME Architecture

On-net calling

The configuration of such intercluster SIP Trunk is the same as the one described for off-net calls except for:

- Media Resource Group List – should be set to the group containing following resources: conference, transcoder, annunciator (Subscribers), MOH Server (Subscribers), software MTP
- SIP Normalization Script should not be added to this trunk

SIP Trunks should be between CUCM of independent site and CUCM SME (there is no direct SIP Trunks between independent sites in SME Architecture – all on-net calls are managed by CUCM SME).

Emergency number support for Extension Mobility

Partitions

Menu	Value
Call Routing > Class of Control > Partition > Add new	Create a partition for emergency numbers for each site, for example: EN_HQ_PT, EN_RSA_PT, EN_RSB_PT.

Route Patterns

Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route Pattern > Add new

Route Partition	Choose Partition for appropriate Route Pattern
Urgent Priority	Checked
Calling Party Transform Mask	Enter valid office attendant phone number (unique for each site)

Calling search spaces

Call Routing > Class of Control > Calling Search Space > Add new

Create a CSS for emergency numbers for each site and another one for non-emergency numbers.

- ❶ CSS_LINE associated to the line deals with general call right except emergency numbers.
- ❷ CSS_PHONE associated to the phone deals with emergency calls. This CSS should be unique for each site.

Device > Phone > Calling Search Space

Associate the calling search spaces for emergency numbers with particular phones (deivces), and calling search spaces for non-emergency numbers with lines.

Device > Phone -> find a phone ->Calling Search Space field	select the proper CSS
Device > Phone -> find a phone ->select the line on the left menu -> Calling Search Space field	select the proper CSS

Survivable Remote Site Telephony configuration

SRST mode is not supported with BT/BTIP infrastructure but with local PSTN gateway configured on CE router

6 Cisco Unity Connection configuration

Cisco Unified Communication Manager Configuration	
Menu	Value
System > Device Pool > Add New	Add new Device pool
Advanced FeaturesVoice Mail > Cisco Voice Mail Port Wizard >	Create a new Cisco Voice Mail Server and add ports to it
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Line Group	add/configure the Answering Voice Mail Ports to a Line Group
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Hunt List > Add New	include the Line Group created earlier
Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Hunt Pilot > Add New	include the Hunt List created earlier
Advanced Features > Voice Mail > Message Waiting	add one number for turning MWIs on and one for turning MWIs off
Advanced Features > Voice Mail > Voice Mail Pilot > Add New	Configure the voice mail pilot
Advanced Features > Voice Mail > Voice Mail Profile > Add New	Associate Voice Mail Pilot number created earlier with this profile
Cisco Unity Connection Configuration	
Telephony Integrations > Phone System	Configure the phone system
Phone System Basics > Related Links drop-down box > Add Port Group > Go	Port group configuration
Port Group Basics > Related Links drop-down box > Add Ports > Go	Add and configure required number of ports
Cisco Unity Connection Administration > Telephony Integrations > Port Group	On Search Port Groups page click the display name of the port group that you created with the phone system integration
Port Group Basics page > Edit > Servers >	add backup CUCM servers if needed
BT/BTIP specific parameters	
Telephony Integrations -> Port Group -> choose appropriate -> Edit -> Codec Advertising	change the codec list used for calls to CUC - select G.711 A-law / G.711ulaw/G.722 or G.729 codecs in advertised codecs.
System Setting > General Configuration	Select G.711 a-law, G.711 u-law or G.729 codec as specified for Recording Format parameter

7 Unified Contact Center Express configuration

7.1 Provisioning UCCX (CUCM part)

7.1.1 Adding agents

Unified CM users in Unified CCX are assigned an agent's role when an **agent extension** is associated to the user in the Unified CM User Configuration page. Consequently, this role can only be assigned or removed for the user using Unified CM Administrator's End User configuration web page. These users cannot be assigned or removed in Unified CCX Administration.

Configuring Unified CM users who will be agents in your Unified CCX system:

Step 1 From the **Unified CM Administration** menu bar, choose **User Management > End User**.

Step 2 In the **Controlled Devices** list box below the Device Information section, select the agent's phone device.

Step 3 In the **Primary Extension** field drop-down list and the **IPCC Extension field** drop-down list, choose the required agent extension for this device.

Step 4 Define permissions and roles information:

Groups:

- Standard AXL API Access
- Standard CCM Admin Users
- Standard CTI Allow Call Monitoring
- Standard CTI Allow Call Park Monitoring
- Standard CTI Allow Call Recording
- Standard CTI Allow Calling Number Modification
- Standard CTI Allow Control of All Devices
- Standard CTI Enabled
- Standard Confidential Access Level Users

Roles:

- Standard AXL API Access
- Standard CCM Admin Users
- Standard CTI Allow Call Park Monitoring
- Standard CTI Allow Call Recording

- Standard CTI Allow Calling Number Modification
- Standard CTI Allow Control of All Devices
- Standard CTI Enabled
- Standard CUReporting
- Standard CUReporting Authentication
- Standard Confidential Access Level Users

Step 5 Adding End User to IP phone - End user related to UCCX has to be associated to ip phone profile and ip phone line

7.1.2 Activation and Configuring IP Phone Agent service

Step 1 Activate IP Phone Agent service (URL can be found in CAD administration guide: http://UCCX_IP_address or FQDN:8082/fippa/#DEVICENAME#): CUCM administration > Device > Device Settings > Phone services

Step 2 Create parameters which will be used to log in IP Phone Agent service: extension, id and password.

Step 3 Subscribe agent phone to this newly created service (Phone > Subscribe services drop-box list)

Step 4 (Optional, if needed) Create an application user named “telecaster” with “telecaster” as the password (or whatever BIPPA user ID and password was specified in the CAD Configuration Setup utility).

Step 5 (Optional, if needed) Assign the telecaster application user to all the IP agent phones

7.1.3 UCCX Application Users on CUCM

When UCCX will be properly configured **two Application Users should be created automatically on CUCM:**

- RMCM user

Go to CUCM administration > User Management > Application User > RMCM user

IP Phone (which will be used as the agent) manually associates with “Device Association” to RMCM user Controlled Device.

- JTAPI user

Go to CUCM administration > User Management > Application User > JTAPI user

Automatic creation of this user should take place on CUCM (**after proper configuration of UCCX**) and then UCCX CTI ports should appear automatically in the list “Controlled Devices”.

7.2 UCCX part of configuration

7.2.1 Provisioning Call Control Group (CCC)

Provision Unified CM Telephony call control groups (**Subsystems > Unified CM Telephony > Call Control Group**). They are CTI ports which will be used by UCCX to handle calls

- Define Description
- Define Number of CTI Ports
- Define Name Prefix
- Define Starting Directory Number – unique and not used on CUCM
- Define Device Pool
- (optionally – if needed) Synchronize Cisco JTAPI Client and Unified CM Telephony Data (this creates all necessary CTI devices on CUCM using AXL interface)

Note! Correct behavior - CTI ports should be created and assigned automatically into CCC. CTI ports should be also automatically created and registered on CUCM via AXL integration. If not then perform step 6.

7.2.2 Resources and assignment of skills

Step 1 Check if resources exist – it should exist if former steps of configuration on CUCM and UCCX were performed properly (**Subsystems > RmCm > Resources**)

Step 2 Create skills (**Subsystems > RmCm > Skills**)

Step 3 Choose Resource Name and click Add Skill (**Subsystems > RmCm > Assign Skills**).

Step 4 Assigning skills to agents

Before assigning the skill competence level of the skill should be defined (default is 5)

7.2.3 Configuring Customer Service Queues (CSQ)

Step 1 Creating Contact Service Queues.(**Subsystems > RmCm > Contact Service Queues**)

Step 2 Define name of CSQ

Step 3 Define type of Resource Pool Selection Model (drop-down list)

Step 4 Click “next” and change default values of parameters of CSQ (if needed), if not just click “update”.

Note! Minimum Competence Level shouldn't be higher than formerly defined Competence Level during assigning skills into Resources.

7.2.4 Application and Script configuration

Step 1 Add a new Cisco script application, go to: **Applications > Application Management>Add New** and choose Cisco Script Application:

Step 2 From the Application Type drop-down menu select your script or the standard ICD script **SSCRIPT[icd.aef]** and click “Next”

Step 3 Describe maximum number of sessions (should be “inline” with numbers of CTI ports)

Step 4 Mark checkbox CSQ and enter the name.

Step 5 Define Description

7.2.5 Trigger configuration

Step 1 Add a new Trigger, go to: **Applications > Application Management** and choose application from the list.

Step 2 Choose “Add new trigger”

Step 3 Define Trigger Type and click Next

Step 4 Define **unique** directory number and trigger information (don't forget to assign Call Control Group formerly defined)

Step 5 Perform JTAPI and Data resynchronization (**Subsystems > Cisco Unified CM Telephony**)

Step 6 Check CUCM configuration – CTI Route Point should be automatically created with Trigger number defined on UCCX (**Devices > CTI Route Point**)

Step 7 Check CUCM configuration – this CTI Route Point should be also automatically assigned on JTAPI user (**User Management > Application User**)

8 Cisco Unified Attendant Console configuration

CISCO UNIFIED COMMUNICATION MANAGER	
Device>CTI Route Point>Add New	
Menu	Value
User ID	CUDAC
Password	Enter password
Confirm Password	Confirm entered password
User Management > Application User > Add new	
User ID	CUDAC
Password	Enter password
Confirm Password	Confirm entered password
BLF Presence Group	Standard Presence Group
Permissions Information	-Standard Access AXL API -Standard CTI Allow Car Park Monitoring -Standard CTI Allow Calling Number Modification -Standard CTI Allow Control of All Devices -Standard CTI Allow Reception of SRTP Key Material -Standard CTI Enabled -Standard CTI Allow Control of Phones supporting Rollover Mode -Standard CTI Allow Control of Phones supporting Connected Xfer and conf
CISCO UNIFIED ATTENDAND ADMIN	
Menu	Value
Installation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When asked enter the IP address of the machine server is being installed on If SQL Server Express is already installed enter the SQL Server name, User Name, ale password. If you don't have SQL installed it will be installed automatically Enter the IP address of CUCM Enter port number (443) Enter Application User credentials created before If certificate security alert from CUCM will be displayed it means connection was successful, accept the certificate Follow on screen instructions
Database Wizard	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Once installation is completed the database is started, let the wizard to perform necessary configuration, when done, click finish, and restart the computer.
http://<<ip.address.of.Unified.Attendand.Server>>/w eadmin/login.aspx	Login to the Attendant Server administration User name: ADMIN Password: CISCO

Engineering > Administrator Management	Let's you change default password
Engineering > Database Management	Parameters for the SQL server, if blank enter IP address of machine where SQL server is installed, specify user name, and password,

Menu	Value
Engineering > CUCM connectivity	CUCM parameters, if blank, enter CUCM IP address in name field, port number (443), and user name and password of application user.
Engineering > Database Management	Parameters for the SQL server, if blank enter IP address of machine where SQL server is installed, specify user name, and password of application user
System Configuration > System Device Management	
CT Gateway Devices> From	6301 (<i>example</i>)
CT Gateway Devices> To	6302 (<i>example</i>)
Service Devices> From	6401 (<i>example</i>)
Service Devices>To	6402 (<i>example</i>)
Park Devices>From	6501 (<i>example</i>)
Park Devices>To	6502 (<i>example</i>)
System Configuration > System Device Management	Synchronize with CUCM (Devices will be added automatically to CUCM)
User Configuration > General Properties	
Minimum internal device digit length	1
Maximum internal device digit length	7
External access number	8
<p>Note! Such configuration is necessary to perform successful delayed transfer. Although setting external access number makes it impossible to perform onnet connections to numbers beginning with 8 (i.e LO BLB) as even though they are seven digits numbers, they are treated as external numbers. Refer to mantis ticket 2462.</p>	
User Configuration > Queue Management	
Team	Dev1
DDI	6100 (<i>example</i>)
Synchronize with CUCM	Will be automatically added to CUCM as CTI port
User Configuration > Operator Management	
Login Name	OPERATOR1 (<i>example</i>)
Password	Set password
Confirm Password	Confirm password
Associated Queues	Associate queue created in previous step
CISCO UNIFIED ATTENDANT CONSOLE	
Menu	Value
Installation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When asked enter the IP address of Cisco Unified Attendant Server Select the language for application

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow on screen instruction until installation is completed
Login	Login with credentials created in previous step
CISCO UNIFIED COMMUNICATION MANAGER	
User Management > Application User > CUDAC	
Controlled Devices	Associate devices added by CUDAC Admin
Device > CTI route point > Route point created by CUDAC Admin	
Media Resource Group List	MRGL_MTP_XCODE

9 CUCM with Cisco Unified Border Element configuration

9.1 General CUBE configuration (flow-through mode by default)

network interface

Note : for two SIP trunks two IP addresses must be configured.

```
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
description CUBE Voice Interface
no ip address
duplex auto
speed auto
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0.<INTERFACE>
description *** CUBE ***
encapsulation dot1Q <INTERFACE>
ip address <IP_ADDR> <Mask>
```

SNMP Server

```
snmp-server community public RO
snmp-server manager
```

Global settings

```
voice service voip
mode border-element license capacity [session count]
allow-connections sip to sip
sip
    header-passing
    error-passthru
pass-thru headers unsupp
no update-callerid
early-offer forced
midcall-signaling passthru
sip-profiles 1
    ip address trusted list
        ipv4 A.B.C.D ! primary SBC IP address
        ipv4 E.F.G.H ! backup SBC IP address
```

Codecs

For customers using G.711 alaw codec:

```
voice class codec 1
    codec preference 1 g711alaw
```

For customers using G.711 ulaw codec:

```
voice class codec 1
    codec preference 1 g711ulaw
```

For customers using G.729 codec use following configuration:

```
voice class codec 2
    codec preference 1 g729r8
```

SIP User Agent

```
sip-ua
  retry invite 1
  retry response 2
  retry bye 2
  retry cancel 2
  reason-header override
  connection-reuse
  g729-annexb override
  timers options 1000
```

Support for Privacy and P-Asserted Identity

To enable the privacy settings for the header on a specific dial peer, use the voice-class sip privacy id command in dial peer voice configuration mode:

```
dial-peer voice tag voip
  voice-class sip privacy id
```

To enable the translation to PAID privacy headers in the outgoing header on a specific dial peer, use the voice-class sip asserted-id pai command in dial peer voice configuration mode:

```
dial-peer voice tag voip
  voice-class sip asserted-id pai
```

9.2 Configuration for a CUCM cluster and two CUBEs

CUBE needs to be configured with physical interface will be configured with a secondary IP address.

```
interface FastEthernet 0/0.<INTERFACE>
  ip address <PRIMARY_IP_ADDR> <Mask>
  ip address <SECONDARY_IP_ADDR> <Mask> secondary
```

CUCM cluster will be configured with 4 different SIP trunks :

- 1st SIP trunk pointing to the primary address of Primary CUBE
- 2nd SIP trunk pointing to the secondary address of Primary CUBE
- 3rd SIP trunk pointing to primary address of Secondary CUBE
- 4th SIP trunk pointing to secondary address of Secondary CUBE

CUCM will be configured with a Route List composed of (at least) 4 Route Groups. Each route group will include SIP trunk to one of CUBE IP Address (Primary or Secondary). On each route group parameters, a specific prefix should be defined (one prefix for each RG). This way the CUBE will be able to route the outgoing calls to the right SBC, depending on this prefix value:

For incoming and outgoing calls for CUCMs side

```
dial-peer voice 1 voip
  description ** to/from site devices - Primary CUCM **
  answer-address <INTERFACE>....
  destination-pattern <INTERFACE>....
  session protocol sipv2
  session target ipv4:<PRIMARY_CUCM_IP_ADDR>
  voice-class codec 1
  voice-class sip options-keepalive up-interval 300 down-interval 300 retry 5
  dtmf-relay rtp-nte
  no vad
!
dial-peer voice 2 voip
  description ** to/from site devices - Backup CUCM **
  preference 1
  answer-address <INTERFACE>....
  destination-pattern <INTERFACE>....
  session protocol sipv2
  session target ipv4:<SECONDARY_CUCM_IP_ADDR>
  voice-class codec 1
  voice-class sip options-keepalive up-interval 300 down-interval 300 retry 5
  dtmf-relay rtp-nte
  no vad

!For outgoing calls (with a prefix to select the target SBC)
dial-peer voice 102 voip
  description ** Outgoing calls - Outbound dial peer - Primary SBC side **
  translation-profile outgoing 113
  huntstop
  destination-pattern 113T
  session protocol sipv2
```

```
session target ipv4:<PRIMARY_SBC_IP_ADDR>

voice-class codec 1

voice-class sip options-keepalive up-interval 300 down-interval 300 retry 5

voice-class sip send 180 sdp

dtmf-relay rtp-nte

no vad

!

dial-peer voice 103 voip

description ** Outgoing calls - Outbound dial peer - Backup SBC side **

translation-profile outgoing 114

huntstop

destination-pattern 114T

session protocol sipv2

session target ipv4:<SECONDARY_SBC_IP_ADDR>

voice-class codec 1

voice-class sip options-keepalive up-interval 300 down-interval 300 retry 5

voice-class sip send 180 sdp

dtmf-relay rtp-nte

no vad

!For incoming calls

dial-peer voice 100 voip

description ** Incoming calls - Inbound dial peer - SBC side **

answer-address +.T

session protocol sipv2

voice-class codec 1

voice-class sip send 180 sdp

dtmf-relay rtp-nte

no vad

!
```

The prefix should be stripped using voice translation rules before sending the call to the infrastructure.

9.3 Configuration for a single CUCM server and one CUBE

CUBE needs to be configured with physical interface will be configured with a secondary IP address.

```
interface FastEthernet 0/0.<INTERFACE>
  ip address <PRIMARY_IP_ADDR> <Mask>
  ip address <SECONDARY_IP_ADDR> <Mask> secondary
```

CUCM will be configured with 2 different SIP trunks :

- 1st SIP trunk pointing to the primary address of the CUBE
- 2nd SIP trunk pointing to the secondary address of the CUBE

CUCM will be configured with a Route List composed of (at least) 2 Route Groups. Each route group will include one of the SIP trunk configured. On each route group parameters, a specific prefix should be defined. This way the CUBE will be able to route the outgoing calls to the right SBC, depending on this prefix value:

```
dial-peer voice 1 voip
  description **CUCMBE**
  answer-address 227....
  destination-pattern 227....
  session target ipv4:<CUCMBE_IP>
  [...]

!For outgoing calls (with a prefix to select the target SBC)
dial-peer voice 11 voip
  description ** Outgoing calls - Outbound dial peer - SBC1 side **
  answer-address 227....
  destination-pattern 11T
  session-target <SBC1_IP>
  [...]

dial-peer voice 12 voip
  description ** Outgoing calls - Outbound dial peer - SBC2 side **
```

```
answer-address 227....  
  
destination-pattern 12T  
  
session-target <SBC2_IP>  
  
[...]  
  
dial-peer voice 101 voip  
  
description ** Incoming calls - Inbound dial peer - SBC side **  
  
answer-address +.T  
  
voice-class codec 1  
  
voice-class sip send 180 sdp  
  
session protocol sipv2  
  
dtmf-relay rtp-nte  
  
no vad  
  
!
```

9.4 Configuration for a CUCM cluster and one CUBE

CUBE needs to be configured with physical interface will be configured with a secondary IP address.

```
interface FastEthernet 0/0.<INTERFACE>
  ip address <PRIMARY_IP_ADDR> <Mask>
  ip address <SECONDARY_IP_ADDR> <Mask> secondary
```

CUCM cluster will be configured with 2 different SIP trunks :

- 1st SIP trunk pointing to the primary address of the CUBE
- 2nd SIP trunk pointing to the secondary address of the CUBE

CUCM will be configured with a Route List composed of (at least) 2 Route Groups. Each route group will include one of the SIP trunk configured. On each route group parameters, a specific prefix should be defined. This way the CUBE will be able to route the outgoing calls to the right SBC, depending on this prefix value:

For incoming and outgoing calls for CUCMs side

```
dial-peer voice 1 voip
  description **CUCM SUB**
  preference 1
  answer-address 227....
  destination-pattern 227....
  voice-class codec 1
  session target ipv4:<CUCM2_IP>
  [...]

dial-peer voice 2 voip
  description **CUCM PUB**
  preference 2
  answer-address 227....
  destination-pattern 227....
  voice-class codec 1
  session target ipv4:<CUCM1_IP>
```

[...]

For outgoing calls (with a prefix to select the target SBC)

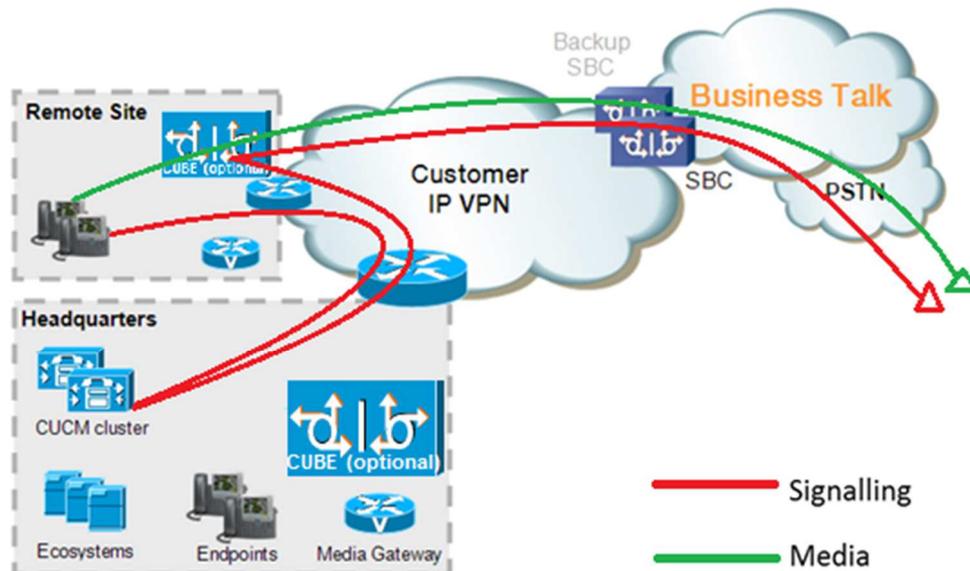
```
dial-peer voice 11 voip
  preference 1
  answer-address 227....
  destination-pattern 11T
  session-target <SBC1_IP>
  [...]
dial-peer voice 12 voip
  preference 2
  answer-address 227....
  destination-pattern 12T
  session-target <SBC2_IP>
  [...]
```

For incoming calls

```
dial-peer voice 101 voip
  description ** Incoming calls - Inbound dial peer - SBC side **
  answer-address +.T
  voice-class codec 1
  voice-class sip send 180 sdp
  session protocol sipv2
  dtmf-relay rtp-nte
  no vad
!
```

9.5 Design for Local SIP Trunking

For Local SIP Trunking the CUBE configuration remains mostly the same as for the regular configuration. The core differences concerning call routing are decided on CUCM level.



9.5.1 Region configuration

Regions are configured at **System > Region Information > Region**. They need to be associated with proper device pools later.

Codec preference lists can be configured at **System > Region Information > Audio Codec Preference List**. Codec Preference Lists could be assigned to Region configuration, however default option (**Use System Default**) should be set on all regions.

BT/BTIP services currently support only monocodec configuration, i.e. all customer sites need to use the same code. Only one of the 3 following codecs is supported:

- G.729
- G.711 A-law/u-law - CUCM doesn't allow to specify G.711 companding type (A-law or u-law), so simply choose G.711

Note that CUCM does not allow also to differentiate between G.711 and G.722 in Region settings.

Consider the following customer design:

- central site (HQ) with CUCM cluster
- a single remote site (RS) with local CUBE and call processing on HQ

Region	Purpose
HQ	Assigned to devices in the HQ site
RS	Assigned to devices in the Remote Site
WAN	Assigned to SIP trunk to BT/BTIP

Regions configuration example for customer using G.729

G.711/G.722 for intrasite calls and low-bitrate G.729 for calls over the WAN

To	From	HQ	RS	WAN
HQ		G.711/G.722	G.729	G.729
RS		G.729	G.711/G.722	G.729
WAN		G.729	G.729	G.729

Regions configuration example for customer using G.711

G.711 or G.722 used for intrasite calls, for calls over the WAN - G.711.

To	From	HQ	RS	WAN
HQ		G.711/G.722	G.711/G.722	G.711
RS		G.711/G.722	G.711/G.722	G.711
WAN		G.711	G.711	G.711

9.5.2 Device Pool configuration

Go to **System > Device Pool** and press **Add new** button.

Under Device Pool configuration there are several important parameters:

- The number of Device Pools at least should be the same as the number of sites
- Every Device Pool should has appropriate Region and Location value
- Media Resource Group List need to be add with all resources (annunciator, MOH Server, transcoder, conference, software MTP). See Media Resources section- 2.5).
- **Standard Local Route Group** may be configured in order to enable routing through local CUBE without modifying CSS and partitions. Site-specific Route Group should be set as Standard Local Route Group. If Standard Local Route Group is used, then it should be configured for every device pool depending on the expected trunk to be used. **Note that the Local Route Group used is based on the call originator's device pool in case the call is forwarded.**

Note: MOH server requires a separate Device Pool configuration.

9.5.3 Route List configuration

Standard Local Route Group is configured under the **Route List** used for offnet calls

Route List Information

Registration: Registered with Cisco Unified Communications Manager hq506pub.obslab.tnnet.pl
 IPv4 Address: 6.5.6.1
 IPv6 Address: None
 Device is trusted
 Name*:
 Description:
 Cisco Unified Communications Manager Group*:
 Enable this Route List (change effective on Save; no reset required)
 Run On All Active Unified CM Nodes

Route List Member Information

Selected Groups**

 Removed Groups***

9.5.4 Route Group Configuration

Route Groups should be configured for each site with trunks used for Offnet calling – either via CUBE or directly towards Orange SBC.

Route Group Name*
 Distribution Algorithm*

Route Group Member Information

Find Devices to Add to Route Group

Device Name contains
 Available Devices**

 Port(s)

Current Route Group Members

Selected Devices (ordered by priority)*

9.5.5 Locations (Call Admission Control)

Go to **System > Location Info > Location** and press **Add new** button.

Warning! RSVP locations are not supported!

For customers using IP VPN to connect all their locations, Static Locations CAC feature in CUCM is well-suited. In such case, **the default Hub_None location with unlimited bandwidth should be**

used to represent the IP VPN cloud (no devices should be associated with it). Each site should have a dedicated location to track bandwidth used on its WAN link.

9.5.6 SIP Trunk Configuration

The configuration of SIP Trunks remains standard. Additional SIP Trunks have to be configured toward the Local CUBE. Device Pool used for the trunks toward Local CUBE should be site-specific and contain Standard Local Route Group corresponding to that CUBE. For details on SIP Trunk configuration consult CUCM Configuration Checklist.

9.6 CUBE Secure configuration (BTol & BTIPol)

Connect to the CUBE configuration CLI and enable administrative rights.

9.6.1 NTP server

These commands synchronize the clock of the router. Ideally, NTP requires 3 servers. Configuration adjusts the GMT time to the France time zone, taking into account the change between winter and summer and vice-versa. It should be adjusted as needed. NTP clock synchronization is necessary for correct management of certificates.

```
clock timezone GMT+1 1
clock summer-time GMT+2 recurring last Sun Mar 3:00 last Sun Oct 3:00
ntp server {IP_NTP_server}
```

9.6.2 Generate RSA Keypair

The below configuration is performed from global configuration level. `<RSA NAME>` in the command below is a label for convenience, this can be any name.

```
crypto key generate rsa general-keys label <RSA NAME> modulus 2048
```

9.6.3 Create Trustpoints

Trustpoints are used for SIP TLS communication and have to be created according to the internal Certificate Authority structure and certificate deployment method. Below configuration example is created for a certificate chain consisting of a Root CA certificate and Intermediate certificate and manual certificate deployment. Depending on internal security rules, deployment and revocation configuration may be different. Two trustpoints must be created – one for Root CA certificate, the other for intermediate certificate and external communication between CUBE and Orange SBC.

9.6.3.1 SBC Root Trustpoint

```
crypto pki trustpoint <CA ROOT TRUSTPOINT NAME>
enrollment terminal
revocation-check none
```

Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------

< CA ROOT TRUSTPOINT NAME>	The name of trustpoint used for SBC Root CA certificate, this is just a label for convenience
----------------------------	---

9.6.3.2 Intermediate Trustpoint

```
crypto pki trustpoint <CA INTERMEDIATE TRUSTPOINT NAME>
enrollment terminal pem
serial-number none
ip-address none
subject-name CN=<CUBE HOSTNAME>
chain-validation continue <CA ROOT TRUSTPOINT NAME>
revocation-check none
rsakeypair <RSA NAME>
```

Parameter	Description
<CA INTERMEDIATE TRUSTPOINT NAME>	The name of trustpoint, this is just a label for convenience
<CUBE HOSTNAME>	X.509 Subject name, this value must be configured on a public DNS for CUBE to be reachable from Internet
<RSA NAME>	The name of RSA Keypair generated in previous step

9.6.4 Generate CUBE Certificate Signing Request (CSR)

- The `crypto pki enroll <CA INTERMEDIATE TRUSTPOINT NAME>` command produces the CSR that is provided to the Enterprise CA to get the signed certificate. The output between BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST and END CERTIFICATE REQUEST (including these lines) must be copied and saved into notepad file or pasted directly into CA certificate signing submission. Below is an example of the output of this command.

```
CUBE-2(config)#crypto pki enroll SUBCA1
% Start certificate enrollment ..

% The subject name in the certificate will include: CN=CUBE-2
% The subject name in the certificate will include: CUBE-2
Display Certificate Request to terminal? [yes/no]: yes
Certificate Request follows:

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
MIICjJCCAXYCAQAwKDEPMA0GA1UEAxMGQ1VCRS0yMRUwEwYJKoZIhvcNAQkCFgZD
VUJFLTlWggEiMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4IBDwAwggEKAoIBAQDAmVvufevAgIip
Kn8FhWjF1NNUFmQkgh2Cr1IMV+ovR2HyPTFwgr0XDhZHMSsnBw67Ttze3Ebxoau
cBQcIASZ4hdTSIgjxG+9YQacLm9MXpfxHp5kcICzSfS1lrTexArTQglW8+rErYpk
2THNLS0PC4cR1BwoUCgB/+KCDkjkUy8eCX+Gmd+6ehRKEQ5HdFHEfUr5hc/7/pB
liHietNKSxYEO9TVZPiRjrtPUPMRMZE1RUm7GoxBrCWIXVdvEAGC0Xqd1ZVLLtZ
z2sQQDqvJ9fMN6fngKv2ePr+f5qejWVzGO0DFVQs0y5x+Yl+pHbsdVlhSSnPpJk6
TaaBmX83AgMBAAGgITAFBgkqhkiG9w0BCQ4xEjAQM4GA1UdDwEB/wQEAwIFoDAN
BgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFAAOCAQEArWMJbdlhU8VfaF1cMJibr569BZT+tIjQOz3OqNGQ
QpzHwclLoaKuCs5pc/u0hw14MGS6Z440Iw4zK2/5bb/KL47r8H3d7T7PYMfK6lAzK
sU9Kf96zTvHNWl9wXImB5blJfRLXnFWXNsVEF4FjU74p1xJL7siaa5e86eNy9deN
20iKjvP8o4MgWewILrD01YZMDMDS1Uy82kWI6hvXG5+xBT5A1lo2xCj1S9y6/D4d
f0iLDZvaQk+7jjBCzLv5hET+1neoQBw52e7RWU8s2biQw+7TEAd08NytF3q/mA/x
bUKw5wT4pgGUJcDAWej3ZLqP9lg5yyd9MiCdCRY+3mLccQ==
```


10 CUCM with Oracle Session Border Controller configuration

10.1 CUCM configuration

Below is the configuration required on the CUCM side to setup SIP trunk to Oracle SBC. Please note that if some of this configuration has been previously done – for example SIP Profile, it can be reused and there is no need to create separate objects.

Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Diversion Header manipulation	
Partition	
Menu	Value
Call Routing -> Class of Control -> Partition -> Add new	
Name	DIV-HEADER-PT
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Diversion Header manipulation	
Called Party Transformation Pattern	
Call Routing -> Transformation -> Transformation Pattern -> Called PartyTransformation Pattern -> Add New	
Pattern	XXXX
Prefix digits	Site Prefix
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Diversion Header manipulation	
Calling Search Space	
Call Routing -> Class of Control -> Calling Search Space -> Add New	
Name	DIV-HEADER-CSS
Selected Partitions	DIV-HEADER-PT
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Basic Configuration	
Sip Trunk Security Profile	
System > Security > SIP Trunk Security Profile, select “Non Secure SIP Trunk Profile” from SIP Trunk Security Profile List	
Incoming Transport Type	TCP + UDP
Outgoing Transport Type	UDP
Off-net calling via BT/BTIP	
Basic Configuration	
SIP Profile	
Device > Device Settings > SIP Profile	
User-Agent and Server header information	Send Unified CM Version Information as User-Agent Header
Version in User Agent and Server Header	Full Build
SIP Rel1XX Options	Send PRACK for 1xx Messages
Early Offer support for voice and video	Mandatory (insert MTP if needed)
Send send-receive SDP in mid-call INVITE	Checked

Ping Interval for In-service and Partially In-service Trunks (seconds)	300
Ping Interval for Out-of-service Trunks (seconds)	5
Version in User Agent and Sever Header	Full build
Session Refresh Method	INVITE or UPDATE

Version in User Agent and Sever Header - inject info about full version of CUCM

Session Refresh Method - since CUCM 10.0 there is additional method – “UPDATE”. “INVITE” should be used by default.

Off-net calling via BT/BTIP

Basic Configuration

SIP Normalization Script

Device > Device Settings > SIP normalization script > Add new

SIP Normalization Script is applied to SIP trunk and is required to adapt the SIP signaling to the form expected by BT/BTIP infrastructure. The content of the script is given below:

```
-- Orange SIP Normalization Script v11
-- this is normalization script for uc 12.x
M = {}

-- This is called when an INVITE message is sent
function M.outbound_INVITE(msg)
    local sdp = msg:getSdp()
    if sdp
    then
        -- remove b=TIAS:
        sdp = sdp:gsub("b=TIAS:%d*\r\n", "")
        -- store the updated sdp in the message object
        msg:setSdp(sdp)
    end
end

--modifying of Server header in 183 messages
function M.outbound_183_INVITE(msg)
    -- change 183 to 180 if sdp
    local sdp = msg:getSdp()
    if sdp
    then
        msg:setResponseCode(180, "Ringing")
    end
end

--modifying of Server header in 488 messages
function M.outbound_488_INVITE(msg)
    -- change 488 to 503 if sdp
    msg:setResponseCode(503, "Service Unavailable")
end

--handling of 400 errors
function M.inbound_400_INVITE(msg)
```

```

local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
else
msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
end
end

--handling of 403 errors
function M.inbound_403_INVITE(msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
end
end

--handling of 408 errors
function M.inbound_408_INVITE(msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
msg:removeHeader("Reason")
end
end

-- handling of 480 errors
function M.inbound_480_INVITE(msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if not reason
then
msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=20")
end
end

--handling of 481 errors
function M.inbound_481_INVITE(msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if reason
then
msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
else
msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=27")
end
end

--handling of 487 errors
function M.inbound_487_INVITE(msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if not reason
then
msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=16")
end
end

--handling of 488 errors
function M.inbound_488_INVITE(msg)
local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
if not reason
then
msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=127")
end
end

--handling of 500 errors

```

```

function M.inbound_500_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
  else
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
  end
end

--handling of 501 errors
function M.inbound_501_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
  else
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=2")
  end
end

--handling of 502 errors
function M.inbound_502_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:removeHeader("Reason")
  end
end

-- handling of 503 errors
function M.inbound_503_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
  else
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
  end
end

-- handling of 505 errors
function M.inbound_505_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
  else
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
  end
end

-- handling of 513 errors
function M.inbound_513_INVITE(msg)
  local reason = msg:getHeader("Reason")
  if reason
  then
    msg:modifyHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
  else
    msg:addHeader("Reason", "Q.850; cause=38")
  end
end

-- addition of PAI header if incoming INVITE includes Privacy
header
function M.inbound_INVITE(msg)

```

```
-- get Privacy header
local privacy = msg:getHeader("Privacy")
if privacy
then
  -- get From and Pai
  from = msg:getHeader("From")
  pai = msg:getHeader("P-Asserted-Identity")
  --check if Pai header is not present
  if pai==nil
  then
    -- add Pai header filled with From URI value
    local uri = string.match(from, "(<.+>)")
    msg:addHeader("P-Asserted-Identity", uri)
  end
end
end
end

return M
```

Off-net calling via BT/BTIP

Basic Configuration

SIP Trunk Configuration

Menu	Value
Device > Trunk > Add new	
Device Pool	Choose Device Pool which include Region and Location value
Media Resource Group List	MRGL
Redirecting Diversion Header Delivery - Inbound	Checked
Redirecting Diversion Header Delivery - outbound	Checked
Destination Address	Oracle SBC IP Address
SIP Trunk Security Profile	SIP Trunk Security Profile name
SIP Profile	Standard SIP Profile with PRACKs, EO, Send-recv
DTMF Signaling Method	RFC 2833
Normalization Script	SIP Normalization Script name (currently v11)
Enable Trace	Unchecked
Redirecting Party Transformation CSS	DIV-HEADER-CSS
Media Termination Point Required	Checked

Off-net calling via BT/BTIP

Basic Configuration

Route Group

Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route group > Add new

Distribution algorithm	Top Down
Selected devices	SIP trunk to ORACLE SBC

Off-net calling via BT/BTIP

Basic Configuration

Route List

Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route list > Add new

Selected Groups	Route Group with SIP trunk to Oracle SBC
-----------------	--

Off-net calling via BT/BTIP

Basic Configuration

Route Pattern

Call Routing > Route/Hunt > Route Pattern > Add new

Route Pattern	Specific Route Pattern
Gateway/Route List	Route List name
Call Classification	OffNet
Discard Digits	PreDot Trailing#

10.2 Oracle SBC configuration

For detailed information regarding Oracle ESBC configuration, please refer to Annex A and dedicated VISIT SIP Configuration Guideline for Oracle ESBC 8.2.

10.2.1 Oracle SBC information required for CUCM interconnection

The pieces of information needed to create a new customer on the SBC are the following ones:

Customer related data		
Code	Content	Example
<VENDOR_IPBX>	Unique identifier of the CISCO CUCM IPBX in the SBC. This field must follow 7 alphabetical characters format.	CISCO
<VLAN_ID>	It corresponds to the VLAN tag allocated to the customer. This field must follow 3 digits format.	110
NOMINAL SBC related data		
<ESBC_SOUTH_NOMINAL_GW>	IP address of the gateway in front of the nominal SBC (PE router) on access side.	138.132.169.1
<ESBC_SOUTH_NOMINAL_IP>	IP address of the nominal SBC South Side on the interconnection network. Cisco IPBXs will send/receive their signaling and media traffic to/from this IP address (on default port 5060 for signaling). This SBC IP address is located in /29 network provided by the customer. It is used to interconnect the nominal SBC on the customer private network.	138.132.169.2
BACKUP SBC related data		
<ESBC_SOUTH_BACKUP_GW>	IP address of the gateway in front of the backup SBC (PE router) on access side.	138.132.179.1
<ESBC_SOUTH_BACKUP_IP>	IP address of the backup SBC SBC South Side on the interconnection network. Cisco IPBXs will send/receive their signaling and media traffic to/from this IP address (on default port 5060 for signaling). This SBC IP address is located in /29 network provided by the customer. It is used to interconnect the backup SBC on the customer private network.	138.132.179.2

10.2.2 Oracle SBC information required for a new IPBX

This chapter specifies which IP addresses need to be indicated in the session agents and the distribution of the session agents in the session agent groups.

The information indicated in the document will help you to fill in the table here after.

The pieces of information needed to create a new IPBX on the e SBC are the following ones:

IPBX related data		
Code	Content	Example
<PBX type>	PBX type, version and configuration. Information needed to define which SA and SAG need to be created, and if specific profile is required.	Cisco CUCM 12.0
<SIP_PROFILE>	This identifier is used to differentiate several SIP profiles. It depends on the type of IPBX (Vendor & version). Specific SBC configuration is linked to each profile, each one corresponding to a Prod+ template. The profile follows 2 digits format. Values: 00: Default profile is number 00 05: Cisco CUCM	05
<Number of Elements for nominal IPBX>	Number of signaling entities to be declared as SA and included in the nominal SAG.	2
<Number of Elements for backup IPBX>	Number of signaling entities to be declared as SA and included in the backup SAG.	2
<IPBX_NOMINAL_SA1_IP> to <IPBX_NOMINAL_SAn_IP>	IP addresses of the IPBX signaling entities. These entities belong to nominal session agent group.	6.5.6.1 6.5.6.2
<IPBX_BACKUP_SA1_IP> to <IPBX_BACKUP_SAn_IP>	IP addresses of the IPBX signaling entities. These entities belong to backup session agent group.	6.5.6.1 6.5.6.2
<SA_X>	It is a 2 digits number representing the element number within the nominal IPBX. X is varying from 1 to < Number of Elements for nominal IPBX>	01
<SA_Y>	It is a 2 digits number representing the element number within the backup IPBX. Y is varying from 1 to < Number of Elements for backup IPBX>	01

10.2.3 Information required for BTIP / Btalk SIP Infrastructure

This chapter specifies which IP addresses need to be indicated in the session agents and the distribution of the session agents in the session agent groups.

The information indicated in the document will help you to fill in the table here after.

The pieces of information needed to create a new IPBX on the e SBC are the following ones:

IPBX related data		
Code	Content	Example
<BT_NOMINAL_SA_IP>	IP addresses of the BT/BTIP signaling entities. These entities belong to nominal session agent group.	172.22.246.33 X.X.X.X.
<BT_BACKUP_SA_IP>	IP addresses of the BT/BTIP signaling entities. These entities belong to backup session agent group.	172.22.246.73 X.X.X.X
<SA_X>	It is a 2 digits number representing the element number within the nominal C-SBC. X is varying from 1 to < Number of Elements for nominal ESBC>	01
<SA_Y>	It is a 2 digits number representing the element number within the backup C-SBC. Y is varying from 1 to < Number of Elements for backup ESBC>	01

10.2.4 SBC Object naming convention

Based on previous information, the following table presents identifiers that will be created in SBC configuration. These unique identifiers are mandatory to configure the SBC. The rules presented below are valid for both Nominal and Backup A-SBC.

SBC OBJECTS	
Name	Description
Customer identifier	Unique identifier of the customer within the SBC on the access part. It is used to configure the name of the access parent realm. Rule is: ACC_<VLAN_ID>_<IPBX_VENDOR>
Nominal IPBX identifier	Unique identifier of the Nominal IPBX within the SBC. It is used to configure the nominal Session-Agent-Group. It is proposed to used the SIP profile, VLAN Id and the T1T7 parameters to configure it. Rule is: N_<VLAN_ID>_<IPBX_VENDOR>_<SIP_PROFILE>
Backup IPBX identifier	Unique identifier of the Backup IPBX within the SBC. It is used to configure the backup Session-Agent-Group. It is proposed to used the SIP profile, VLAN Id and the T1T7 parameters to configure it. Rule is: B_<VLAN_ID>_<IPBX_VENDOR>_<SIP_PROFILE>
Element [X] identifier for the Nominal IPBX	Unique identifier of the Element X of the Nominal IPBX within SBC. It is used to configure the nominal Session-Agent that will be included in the nominal Session-Agent-Group. It is proposed to used the VLAN Id and the T1T7 parameters to configure it. Rule is: N-<VLAN_ID>-<IPBX_VENDOR>-<SA_X> Note that underscores are not allowed in hostnames of Session-Agents. Hence, hyphens are used instead.
Element [Y] identifier for the Backup IPBX	Unique identifier of the Element Y of the Backup IPBX within SBC. It is used to configure the backup Session-Agent that will be included in the backup Session-Agent-Group. It is proposed to used the VLAN Id and the T1T7 parameters to configure it. Rule is: B-<VLAN_ID>-<IPBX_VENDOR>-<SA_Y>

Maximum size of any identifier is not larger than 24.

10.2.5 Certificate

In “TLS/ Secured SIP Trunking” context, following requirements regarding Certificate configuration:

- Certificate of the certification authority (CA), signing the ESBC certificate(format X.509 Base64)
- 1 cyphered file containing both the private key and the public certificate per domain used on the ESBC, signed by a public trusted Certificate Authority to be known, aka such as DigiCert CA which Orange has chosen as CA provider
- Certificate of the trusted certificate authority, and of each sub-authority having signed the above certificate (format X.509 Base64)

10.2.6 Licenses & ESBC entitlement setup

Configuration which will enable the support of the new license model based on provisioned entitlements are not covered in this configuration Guideline such as :

- adding session capacity (based on purchased capacity)
- adding new features (based on purchased license as well). Typically the case for enabling SRTP session.

11 Expressway

11.1 Architecture overview

Server components description

- **Expressway Control server (Expressway C):** This server is deployed on the same Datacenter LAN than UC applications inside the datacenter. The Expressway C is a SIP proxy and communication Gateway for CUCM.
- **Expressway Edge server (Expressway E):** This server is deployed on a DMZ inside the datacenter. The Expressway E is a SIP Proxy for devices which are located outside the internal network.

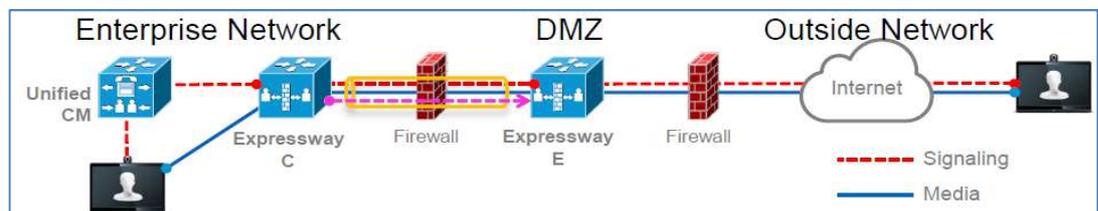


Figure Erreur ! Il n'y a pas de texte répondant à ce style dans ce document.-1 – Expressway Firewall Traversal Basics

1. **Expressway E** is the traversal server installed in DMZ. **Expressway C** is the traversal client installed inside the enterprise network.
2. **Expressway C** initiates traversal connections outbound through the firewall to specific ports on **Expressway E** with secure login credentials.
3. Once the connection has been established, **Expressway C** sends keep-alive packets to **Expressway E** to maintain the connection.
4. When **Expressway E** receives an incoming call, it issues an incoming call request to **Expressway C**.
5. **Expressway C** then routes the call to **Unified CM** to reach the called user or endpoint.
6. The call is established and media traverses the firewall securely over an existing traversal connection.

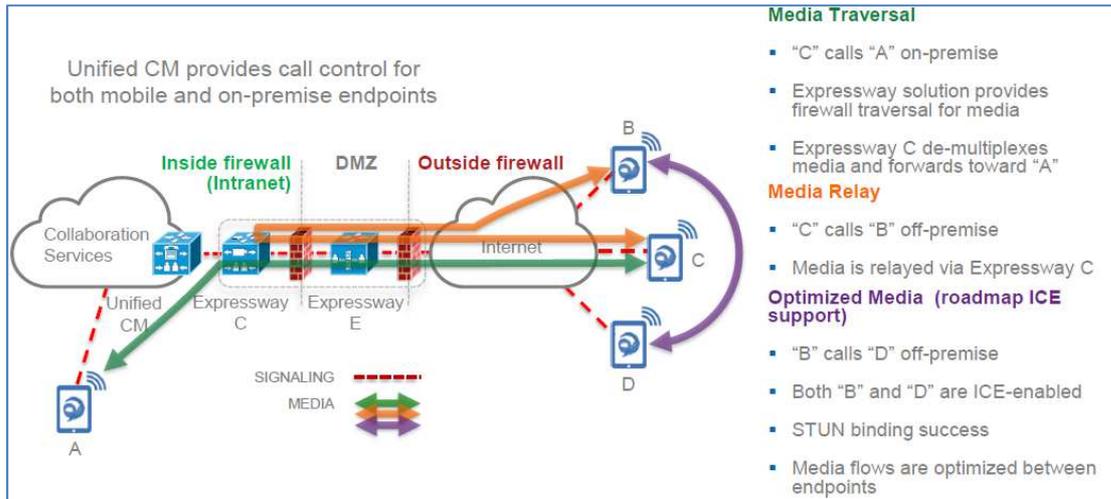
11.2 Call Flows

All mobile traffic from the internet is seen with the private Expressway-C IP address on the Customer Network.

All Mobile traffic from the customer network will be seen with the Expressway-E public IP address on the Internet.

The couple Expressway-C and Expressway-E can be seen as a proxy for call flows.

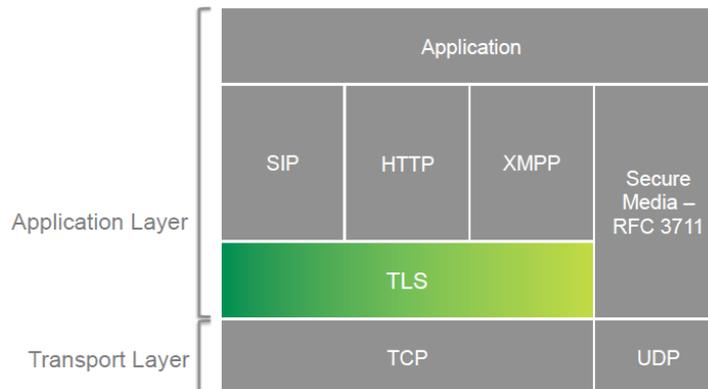
Within VISIT scope, the traffic from the internet would pass through Expressway-C and Expressway-E, through customer managed Call Manager cluster and routed further towards SIP trunk to BT/BTIP infrastructure.



11.3 Endpoint Authentication & Encryption

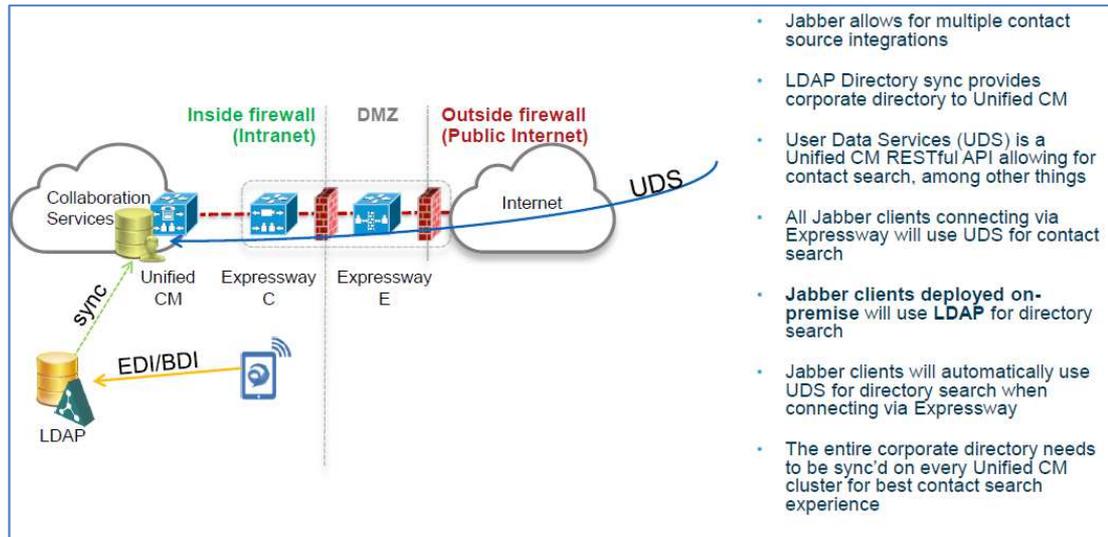
11.3.1 Authentication

Expressway use TLS which is a protocol on top of TCP layer:



11.3.2 Directory integration

Remote Jabber clients will have access to directory look-up services. Cisco Expressway uses the UDS integration model. UDS model relies on the CUCM database for directory search and phone number lookup



11.3.3 Telephony features

Cisco Jabber endpoints can be deployed using a model in which Cisco Unified Presence and Cisco Unified Communications Manager provide client configuration, instant messaging and presence, user and device management while Microsoft Active Directory provides user lookup/directory search services.

NOTE: Within VISIT scope, all currently supported features continue to function with Expressway infrastructure deployed.

Restriction: An issue has been identified that causes Jabber users registered through Expressway to not fall back to backup server in case nominal server is down.

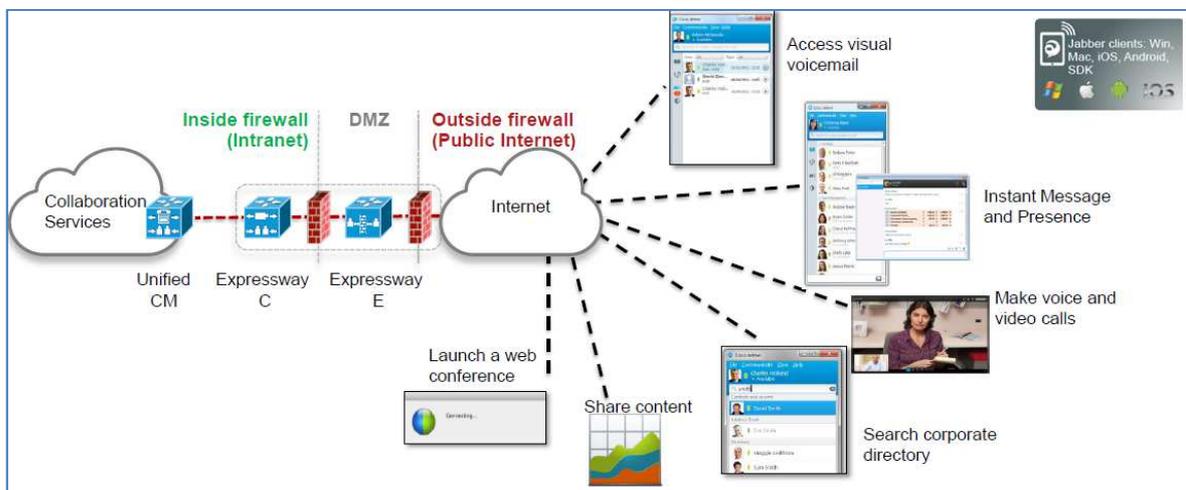
11.4 CUCM configuration update

Mobile and remote access provided by Expressway is, for most part, transparent to Cisco Unified Communications Manager. There is:

- No requirement to build a SIP trunk on CUCM to Expressway C or E,
- No requirement to make dial plan changes ,
- No remote access policy mechanism to limit edge access to certain Jabber users or devices.

Remote Jabber clients or Tele-Presence Endpoints registering to CUCM through Expressway will appear to CUCM as Expressway C IP address (opportunity for CUCM Device Mobility feature usage).

11.5 Expressway specific configuration



This solution allows Jabber clients to securely traverse the enterprise firewall and access collaboration services deployed on the enterprise network. Remote Jabber clients will have access to voice/video, instant messaging and presence, visual voicemail, and directory look-up services.

This section describes the configuration steps required on the Expressway-C.

Configuring DNS and NTP settings

Check and configure the basic system settings on Expressway:

1. Ensure that System host name and Domain name are specified (System > DNS).
2. Ensure that local DNS servers are specified (System > DNS).
3. Ensure that all Expressway systems are synchronized to a reliable NTP service (System > Time). Use an Authentication method in accordance with your local policy.

If you have a cluster of Expressways you must do this for every peer.

Configuring the Expressway-C for Unified Communications

To enable mobile and remote access functionality:

1. Go to Configuration > Unified Communications > Configuration.

2. Set Unified Communications mode to Mobile and remote access.
3. Click Save.

Unified Communications You are here: [Configuration](#) > [Unified Communications](#) > Configuration

Configuration

Unified Communications mode: **Mobile and remote access** ⓘ

Mobile and Remote Access

Note that you must select *Mobile and remote access* before you can configure the relevant domains and traversal zones.

Configuring the domains to route to Unified CM

You must configure the domains for which registration, call control, provisioning, messaging and presence services are to be routed to Unified CM.

1. On Expressway-C, go to Configuration > Domains.
2. Select the domains (or create a new domain, if not already configured) for which services are to be routed to Unified CM.
3. For each domain, turn On the services for that domain that Expressway is to support. The available services are:
 - **SIP registrations and provisioning on Unified CM:** endpoint registration, call control and provisioning for this SIP domain is serviced by Unified CM. The Expressway acts as a Unified Communications gateway to provide secure firewall traversal and line-side support for Unified CM registrations.
 - **IM and Presence services on Unified CM:** instant messaging and presence services for this SIP domain are provided by the Unified CM IM and Presence service.

Turn On all of the applicable services for each domain.

Domains You are here: [Configuration](#) > [Domains](#) > Edit

Configuration

Domain name: * example.com ⓘ

Supported services for this domain

SIP registrations and provisioning on Unified CM: On ⓘ

IM and Presence services on Unified CM: On ⓘ

Discovering IM&P and Unified CM servers

The Expressway-C must be configured with the address details of the IM&P servers and Unified CM servers that are to provide registration, call control, provisioning, messaging and presence services. Note that IM&P server configuration is not required in the hybrid deployment model.

Uploading the IM&P / Unified CM tomcat certificate to the Expressway-C trusted CA list

If you intend to have **TLS verify mode** set to *On* (the default and recommended setting) when discovering the IM&P and Unified CM servers, the Expressway-C must be configured to trust the tomcat certificate presented by those IM&P and Unified CM servers.

1. Determine the relevant CA certificates to upload:
 - If the servers are using self-signed certificates, the Expressway-C's trusted CA list must include a copy of the tomcat certificate from every IM&P / Unified CM server.
 - If the servers are using CA-signed certificates, the Expressway-C's trusted CA list must include the root CA of the issuer of the tomcat certificates.
2. Upload the trusted Certificate Authority (CA) certificates to the Expressway-C (Maintenance > Security certificates > Trusted CA certificate).
3. Restart the Expressway-C for the new trusted CA certificates to take effect (Maintenance > Restart options).

Configuring IM&P servers

To configure the IM&P servers used for remote access:

1. On Expressway-C, go to Configuration > Unified Communications > IM and Presence servers. The resulting page displays any existing servers that have been configured.
2. Add the details of an IM&P publisher:
 - a. Click New.
 - b. Enter the IM and Presence publisher address and the Username and Password credentials required to access the server. The address can be specified as an FQDN or as an IP address; we recommend using FQDNs when TLS verify mode is On. Note that these credentials are stored permanently in the Expressway database. The IM&P user must have the Standard AXL API Access role.
 - c. We recommend leaving TLS verify mode set to On to ensure Expressway verifies the tomcat certificate presented by the IM&P server for XMPP-related communications.
 - If the IM&P server is using self-signed certificates, the Expressway-C's trusted CA list must include a copy of the tomcat certificate from every IM&P server.
 - If the IM&P server is using CA-signed certificates, the Expressway-C's trusted CA list must include the root CA of the issuer of the tomcat certificate.
 - d. Click Add address.

The system then attempts to contact the publisher and retrieve details of its associated nodes.

IM and Presence servers You are here: [Configuration](#) > [Unified Communications](#) > [IM and Presence servers](#) > [New](#)

IM and Presence server discovery

IM and Presence publisher address * ⓘ

Username * ⓘ

Password * ⓘ

TLS verify mode ⓘ

IM&P Servers

Note that the status of the IM&P server will show as Inactive until a valid traversal zone connection between the Expressway-C and the Expressway-E has been established (this is configured later in this process).

3. Repeat for every IM&P cluster.

After configuring multiple publisher addresses, you can click Refresh servers to refresh the details of the nodes associated with selected addresses.

Configuring Unified CM servers

To configure the Unified CM servers used for remote access:

1. On Expressway-C, go to Configuration > Unified Communications > Unified CM servers. The resulting page displays any existing servers that have been configured.
2. Add the details of a Unified CM publisher:

Unified CM servers

Unified CM server lookup

Unified CM publisher address * ⓘ

Username * ⓘ

Password * ⓘ

TLS verify mode ⓘ

AES GCM support ⓘ

12 Fax

12.1 Configuration for BT/BTIP SIP trunking

The following guide is an addition to standard SIP Trunk configuration between CUCM and VG. For more details about configuration details and steps to be done on CUCM please refer to following document:

- BTIP/BT SIP System Release 12.0 IOS Voice Gateway Configuration Guide).

12.1.1 T.38 global settings

Below configuration commands are issued under voice gateway's **fax** subcommand menu.

```
voice service voip
  fax
    fax protocol t38 ls-redundancy 4 hs-redundancy 1 fallback none
```

Command	Explanation
fax protocol <i>protocol</i>	Choice of global fax protocol with assingment of proper redundancy values and fallbak type
ls-redundancy <i>value</i>	
hs-redundancy <i>value</i>	
fallback <i>type</i>	

12.1.2 Codec configuration

Below configuration commands are issued under voice gateway's **voice class codec tag** subcommand menu.

```
voice class codec 1
  codec preference 1 g711alaw
  codec preference 2 g729r8
  codec preference 3 g711ulaw
```

Command	Explanation
codec preference <i>number</i>	<i>number</i> sets priority order (1 = Highest)
<i>number</i> <i>codec</i>	<i>codec</i> sets specific codec format

12.1.3 Example of VoIP dial-peer configuration

Below configuration commands are issued under voice gateway's **dial-peer voice** subcommand menu.

```
dial-peer voice 1 voip
  preference 1
  destination-pattern .T
  session protocol sipv2
  session target ipv4:6.3.9.1
  incoming called-number .
  voice-class codec 1
  dtmf-relay rtp-nte
  fax-relay sg3-to-g3
  fax rate 14400 bytes 72
  fax nsf 000000
```

Command	Explanation
<code>fax-relay type</code>	Choice of preferred SG3 to G3 fallback method (CM blocking in TDM to IP direction)
<code>fax rate speed bytes payload</code>	Specifies desired speed of fax page transmission and payload
<code>fax nsf 000000</code>	Specifies the fax not to use "non standard facilities"

12.1.4 POTS dial-peer

Below configuration commands are issued under voice gateway's **dial-peer voice** subcommand menu.

```
dial-peer voice 102 pots
description fax
destination-pattern 39001
progress_ind alert strip
port 0/0/0
forward-digits all
```

Command	Explanation
<code>description description</code>	Adds a description to the dial peer.
<code>destination-pattern pattern</code>	Sets the destination pattern.
<code>progress_ind alert strip</code>	Allows the media gateway to send a 180 ringing instead of 183 progress SDP. Used to fix RBT generation issues.
<code>port voice-port</code>	Specifies the voice port, which should be used to route the call
<code>forward-digits all</code>	Specifies that all digits will be forwarded to the endpoint connected to FXS port.

12.1.5 CUCM Configuration

Below are the steps necessary in order to configure a connection to a VG in a non-standard architecture.

SIP Trunk configuration (*Device -> Trunk*):

Parameter	Value
Trunk Type	SIP Trunk
Device Protocol	SIP
Trunk Service Type	Default
Device Name	TRK-<Site>-<VG Name>
Description	SIP trunk to specific VG
Device Pool	DPO-SIPTRK-<Site>
Location	LOC-<Site>
Call Classification	OnNet
Media Resource Group List	< None >
SRTP Allowed	Not Checked

Run On All Active Unified CM Nodes	Not Checked
Call Routing Information – Inbound Calls	
Significant digits	All
Calling Search Space	CSS-VCGVLG- Enhanced-<CTY><Site>
Redirecting Diversion Header Delivery - Inbound	Checked
Call Routing Information – Outbound Calls	
Calling Party selection	Originator
Redirecting Diversion Header Delivery – Outbound	Checked
Use Device Pool Called Party Transformation CSS	Checked
Use Device Pool Calling Party Transformation CSS	Checked
SIP Information	
Destination Address	<IP address of VG>
Destination Address is an SRV	Not Checked
Destination Port	5060
Rerouting Calling Search Space	CSS-VCGVLG- Enhanced-<CTY><Site>
Out-of-Dialog Refer Calling Search Space	CSS-VCGVLG- Enhanced-<CTY><Site>
SIP Trunk Secure Profile	SIPT-GW
SIP Profile	SIPP-GW
DTMF Signaling Method	RFC 2833

Route Group configuration (*Call Routing -> Route/Hunt -> Route Group*):

Route Group Name	ROG-<Site>-<VG Name>
Distribution Algorithm	TopDown
Selected Devices	TRK-<Site>-<VG Name>

Route List configuration (*Call Routing -> Route/Hunt -> Route List*):

Name	ROL-<Site>-<VG Name>
Description	RL for specific OnNet range to VG SIP controlled device
CUCM Group	CMG01
Enable this Route List	Checked
Run On All Active Unified CM Nodes	Checked
Selected Groups	ROG-<Site>-<VG Name>

Route Pattern configuration (*Call Routing -> Route/Hunt -> Route Pattern*):

Route Pattern	Private Directory Number toward Fax
Route Partition	PAR-Shared
Description	Route Pattern to Fax
Route Class	Default
Gateway / Route List	ROL-<Site>-<VG Name>
Route option	Route this pattern

Call Classification	OnNet
Urgent Priority	Not Checked
Use Calling Party's EPNM	Checked

Translation Pattern configuration (*Call Routing -> Translation Pattern*):

Translation Pattern	Private range toward Fax range i.e. \+4822538.XXXX
Partition	PAR-ForcedOnNet
Description	OnNet calls to VG Fax
Calling Search Space	CSS-AutoAnswer
Route option	Route this pattern
Urgent Priority	Not Checked
Called Party Transformation	
Discard option	Predot
Prefix	InterSite Prefix + SLC (Site Location Code)

12.1.6 CUBE Configuration

In order to enable CUBE IP2IP gateway functionality, following command has to be entered:

```
voice service voip
mode border-element license capacity [session count]
allow-connections sip to sip
sip
  header-passing
  error-passthru
  no update-callerid
early-offer forced
midcall-signaling passthru
sip-profiles 1
  ip address trusted list
    ipv4 A.B.C.D ! primary SBC IP address
    ipv4 E.F.G.H ! backup SBC IP address
```

Explanation

Command	Description
mode border-element license capacity [session count]	[session count] – indicate the session count based on the license purchased for CUBE
allow-connections sip to sip	Allow IP2IP connections between two SIP call legs
header-passing error-passthru	Error messages are passed through CUBE (SIP error transparency)
no update-callerid	Transparency regarding Caller ID
early-offer forced	Enables SIP Delayed-Offer to Early-Offer globally

midcall-signaling passthru	Passes SIP messages from one IP leg to another IP leg
sip-profiles 1	Apply sip profile at global level

Please note that there is a difference between 12.4T and 15.4(3)M2 trains regarding two commands “header-passing” and “error-passthru”, which should be taken into account while making an update between the two IOS versions. With 12.4T they should be invoked together as “header-passing error-passthru” while in 15.4(3)M2 they should be invoked as 2 separate commands: “header-passing” and “error-passthru”

12.1.6.1 Media Passing through CUBE (media flow-through vs. media flow-around)

Default CUBE configuration enables CUBE to work in flow-through mode. In order to enable flow-around mode, please perform the following actions:

```
voice service voip
  media flow-around
```

12.1.6.2 Codecs

BT/BTIP requires currently monocodec configuration. That means, that only a single codec should be offered by CUBE. This is configured using codec class which is then applied to specific dial-peer.

For customers using **G.711 alaw** codec:

```
voice class codec 1
  codec preference 1 g711alaw
```

For customers using **G.711 ulaw** codec:

```
voice class codec 1
  codec preference 1 g711ulaw
```

12.1.6.3 SIP user agent

SIP signaling parameters are configured in the sip user agent section.

```
sip-ua
  retry invite 1
  retry response 2
  retry bye 2
  retry cancel 2
  reason-header override
  connection-reuse
  g729-annexb override
  timers options 1000
```

Explanation

Command	Description
---------	-------------

retry ...	Specifies number of retries for different SIP message types
reason-header override	Enable cause code passing from one SIP leg to another
connection-reuse	Always use the same port for both source and destination (UDP 5060)
g729-annexb override	Required for interoperability with BT/BTIP infrastructure, when G.729 codec is used

12.2 Integrating Sagem XMedius Fax Server Enterprise 8.0 with CUCM

In this section, we will present the steps necessary to integrate Sagem XMedius fax server with Cisco Unified Communications Manager (CUCM).

The XMediusFAX Enterprise edition is field proven to manage large fax volumes and deliver high levels of security, advanced integration, and monitoring & reporting capabilities. It is targeted for small and large enterprises and contains a number of key features.

12.2.1 Highlights for Sagem XMediusFax Server Enterprise 8.0.0.300:

- XMediusFAX is Sagemcom's innovative and patented IP fax server solution supporting the robust and standardized T.38 Fax over IP (FoIP) protocol.
- Direct SIP trunking with BTIP
- Simplified application integration through standardized technologies (i.e. XML, Python, Web Services API)
- Business critical system monitoring through application SNMP traps and PerfMon counters
- SQL database scalable to millions of inbound / outbound faxes with easy archiving
- Enhanced LDAP directory integration (i.e., Active Directory, Lotus Domino) with LDAPS support
- Intelligent fax boards and T.38 support
- Virtual machine support using VMware, Microsoft Hypervisor and Citrix
- Supported Document Formats: Adobe PDF, HTML, JPG, GIF, RTF, Microsoft Word, PowerPoint, Excel, Any Windows application that support "Print-To".
- Monitor all faxes sent, received, or in process, as well as server status
- Live graphical fax port usage monitor and integrated network packet capturing utility
- Email notification of service status events to administrator via SMTP
- Administrative audit logging and application services status changes logged in Windows Event Log
- System queue monitoring and alerts through SNMP and Performance Monitor (PerfMon)
- Integrated system reporting with a comprehensive set of 20+ built-in reports

- SSL authentication and encryption between all server modules and clients
- HTTPS for secured Web Client communications
- Built-in Windows Authentication support
- Support for LDAP over SSL (LDAPS)
- Enforce usage of billing codes
- Restricted destination fax number tables
- Per user/profile security settings (Allow to fax, require password, modify sender information, enforce cover page)

12.2.2 Supported fax features with BTIP Service

Please refer to the roadmap, the restriction portal and the INA synopsis portal for more information. List of supported features by XMediusFax Server Enterprise:

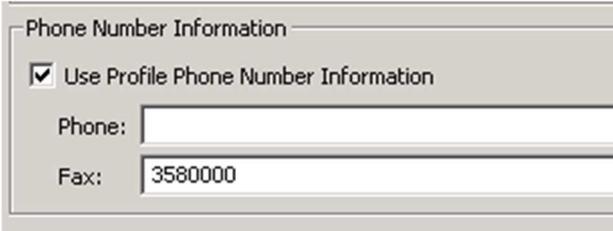
- Fax calls using G.711 a-law, G.711 u-law OR G.729 codec can only be proposed in case of specific offers (monocodec configuration – only one codec can be used in WAN for each customer)
- Send fax using XMediusFax SendFax desktop application
- Send fax using XMediusFax Web Panel application
- Incoming fax traffic
 - From standard G3/SG3 Fax machines
- Outgoing fax traffic
 - To standard G3/SG3 Fax machines.
- Sagem XmediusFax server can send G3 or SG3. This is global setting declared in license file and cannot be change without obtaining new license file.

12.3 Sagem XMediusFax Server components configuration

	Creating a Profile
Step 1	<p>Immediately after installation, the Basic and No Faxing profiles are available, to which you can associate users.</p> <p>The Basic profile allows the user to fax at a normal fax rate with up to three retries if a connection cannot be immediately established.</p> <p>The No Faxing Rights profile does not allow the transmission of faxes.</p> <p>You might also create new profiles and assign them to specific fax needs of each user. It is also possible to create profiles for each department, thereby tailoring fax settings to departmental requirements rather than user requirements.</p>

In the MMC Snap-in, select the **Profiles** node of your site, and click the **Profile Properties** button. The **Profile Properties** dialog appears.

Parameter Name	Parameter
<p>❶ Enter the name of the profile in the Profile Name field.</p>	<p>❶ Sagem XMF Warsaw</p>
<p>❷ Select the Phone Books tab. If you want to assign phone books to the profile:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - In the Phone Books section, click Add. The Phone Book Properties dialog appears. - Select a phone book in the Phone Book dropdown list. <p>Note: A phone book must have been previously created. To create and populate a phone book refer to the Administration Guide – Web documentation.</p>	<p>❷ for example: 35800</p>
<p>❸ Select the Billing Codes tab to Associating a Profile and a Billing Group - Once billing groups have been created, administrators can associate a billing group with a profile. The billing group can contain any number of billing codes and sub-billing codes which users can apply when faxing.</p>	<p>❸ Default values are u</p>
<p>❹ Click the Fax Options tab to set the fax priority and how it affects the order in which the faxes are sent. This is however compounded by the number of retry attempts to send a fax.</p>	<p>❹ Default values are u</p>
<p>❺ Select the Security tab to apply security settings.</p>	<p>❺ Default values are u</p>
<p>❻ Select the Notification tab to set Notifications. By default, incoming fax notifications are sent to the destinations in the Incoming Routing Table, or to the default destination specified in its properties. Outbound fax notifications are sent to the sender's e-mail address.</p>	<p>❻ Default values are u</p>

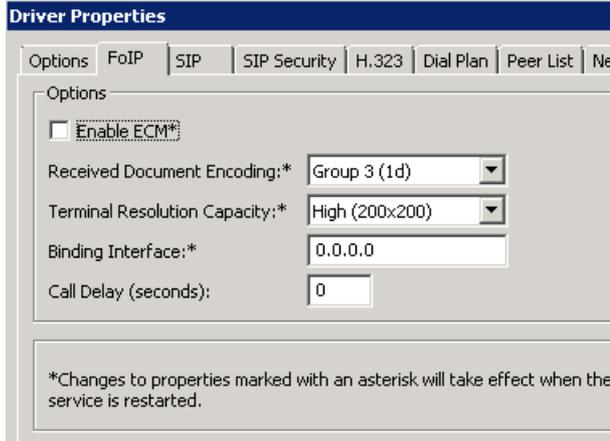
<p>Step 2</p>	<p>Sagem XMediusFax number presentation on SIP trunk Configuration of number presentation on SIP trunk from CUCM. Number presentation – this number will be included in the INVITE message send by Sagem server, for example: SIP INVITE SDP() → <i>SIP From: sip:3580000@XMF_IP:</i></p> <p>Sites > Site_name > Configuration > Profiles > Profile properties > Phone Number Information section</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Parameter Name</th> <th>Parameter</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>❶ Phone Number Information section > Select Profile Phone Number Information checkbox</td> <td>❶ checkbox must be</td> </tr> <tr> <td>❷ In Fax field provide phone number “extension” compliant with XMF dialplan</td> <td>❷ for example: 3580000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>❸ Phone field can be empty, not required to provide phone number</td> <td>❸ empty value</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>  <p>Picture 2: Phone Number Information configuration in</p>	Parameter Name	Parameter	❶ Phone Number Information section > Select Profile Phone Number Information checkbox	❶ checkbox must be	❷ In Fax field provide phone number “extension” compliant with XMF dialplan	❷ for example: 3580000	❸ Phone field can be empty, not required to provide phone number	❸ empty value
Parameter Name	Parameter								
❶ Phone Number Information section > Select Profile Phone Number Information checkbox	❶ checkbox must be								
❷ In Fax field provide phone number “extension” compliant with XMF dialplan	❷ for example: 3580000								
❸ Phone field can be empty, not required to provide phone number	❸ empty value								
<p>Step 3</p>	<p>Creating an Internal User Account</p> <p>In the administration interface, select the Internal User node of your configuration and click on the Add button. The User Properties dialog appears.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Parameter Name</th> <th>Parameter</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>❶ Enter the SMTP address of the user; this is a mandatory entry.</td> <td>❶ 3580001@orange-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>❷ Use Profile Name to associate the user to a specific profile.</td> <td>❷ Profile Name: Basic</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Note: A profile is mandatory. If no profile exists, you can choose Basic or No Faxing Rights. If you want to create a new profile, refer to Step 1.</p>	Parameter Name	Parameter	❶ Enter the SMTP address of the user; this is a mandatory entry.	❶ 3580001@orange-	❷ Use Profile Name to associate the user to a specific profile.	❷ Profile Name: Basic		
Parameter Name	Parameter								
❶ Enter the SMTP address of the user; this is a mandatory entry.	❶ 3580001@orange-								
❷ Use Profile Name to associate the user to a specific profile.	❷ Profile Name: Basic								

	<p>Tips: If the SMTP user has a corresponding Windows Domain account, use AD account to indicate that account in the format domain\username.</p> <p>③ Navigate to Personal Information tab in User Properties windows. Provide Phone Number Information details (Phone number and Fax number) for new user. Must be compliant with XMF dial plan.</p>	<p>③ Personal Information Phone: 3580001 Fax: 3580001</p>

	<p>T.38 Driver Properties Configuration (Options, T.38, S...)</p> <p>In the administration interface, you just need to access the proper node of your host to configure general SIP properties and to configure properties for listed gateways and associate number patterns to ...</p> <p>Warning: Parameters locations on Driver Properties tabs can be ... depends on T.38 driver release installed on the server.</p>											
<p>Step 4</p>	<p>System Configuration > Hosts > XMF_Host_name > Driver container. Mouse Button click on Driver container and select Properties. In the properties dialog, select the Options tab.</p>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Parameter Name</th> <th>Parameter</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> <p>① On Options tab enable Enable Log Archiving property. Enables automatic log archiving for future support use.</p> </td> <td> <p>① Checkbox Enable Log Archiving must be enabled. Set Archive Retention value: 15.</p> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> <p>② On Options tab Debug checkbox should be disabled.</p> </td> <td> <p>② Disabled</p> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> <p>③ On Options tab the T.38 Channel Configuration Section configuration.</p> </td> <td> <p>③ When you acquire a new license you need to update the channels allowed according to the new license</p> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> <p>④ On FoIP tab configure ECM (error correction mode).</p> </td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Parameter Name	Parameter	<p>① On Options tab enable Enable Log Archiving property. Enables automatic log archiving for future support use.</p>	<p>① Checkbox Enable Log Archiving must be enabled. Set Archive Retention value: 15.</p>	<p>② On Options tab Debug checkbox should be disabled.</p>	<p>② Disabled</p>	<p>③ On Options tab the T.38 Channel Configuration Section configuration.</p>	<p>③ When you acquire a new license you need to update the channels allowed according to the new license</p>	<p>④ On FoIP tab configure ECM (error correction mode).</p>	
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<p>④ On FoIP tab configure ECM (error correction mode).</p>												

	<p>⑤ In the Driver properties dialog, select the SIP tab. Provide port number under which SIP messages are received for UDP, TCP and TLS.</p>	<p>④ ECM may be enabled (checkbox) or disabled (checkbox) or disabled (checkbox) according to customer requirements.</p> <p>If Enabled:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Received Domain set to Group • Terminal Res set to High (2) <p>⑥ The general SIP port is the following</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Local SIP UD • Local SIP TC • Local SIP TL • Print SIP Mes • Wait For DTM <p>Disabled</p>
		

Picture 5: Example of Driver Configuration (Options)

	 <p>Picture 6: Example of Driver Configuration (FoIP tab) with D</p> <p>Note: If XmediusFAX is installed in high availability mode driver se configured on all nodes visible in hosts list.</p>
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	<p>T.38 Driver Properties Configuration (Managing a Dial List)</p> <p>By default, XMediusFAX assumes that all faxes are to be sent through a single gateway. The list SIP gateways (in our case it will be CUCM), call therefore displays the single gateway established when XMediusFAX was installed. The corresponding dial plan indicates that all numbers are sent to the only gateway available.</p> <p>By using a Peer List, you can manage separately the SIP or H.323 use for each known gateway (or proxy) that communicate with the</p>				
<p>Step 6</p>	<p>System Configuration > Hosts > XMF_Host_name > Driver container. Mouse Button click on Driver container and select Properties.</p> <p>In the Driver properties dialog, select the Peer List tab.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Parameter Name</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Parameter Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> <p>❶ Click Add SIP Peer button. Adds a new SIP Peer and allows to configure its properties</p> <p>❷ On General tab of Peer Properties window provide Host Name - The host</p> </td> <td> <p>❶ Checkbox Enable ECM must be enabled. Set Archive Retention value: 15.</p> <p>❷ IP address of CUCM: 6.5.6.1.</p> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Parameter Name	Parameter Value	<p>❶ Click Add SIP Peer button. Adds a new SIP Peer and allows to configure its properties</p> <p>❷ On General tab of Peer Properties window provide Host Name - The host</p>	<p>❶ Checkbox Enable ECM must be enabled. Set Archive Retention value: 15.</p> <p>❷ IP address of CUCM: 6.5.6.1.</p>
Parameter Name	Parameter Value				
<p>❶ Click Add SIP Peer button. Adds a new SIP Peer and allows to configure its properties</p> <p>❷ On General tab of Peer Properties window provide Host Name - The host</p>	<p>❶ Checkbox Enable ECM must be enabled. Set Archive Retention value: 15.</p> <p>❷ IP address of CUCM: 6.5.6.1.</p>				

	<p>name of the gateway (or proxy) to be added as a Peer.</p> <p>③ On General tab of Peer Properties window provide the transport type (UDP, TCP or TLS) to be used by this Peer.</p> <p>④ On General tab of Peer Properties window provide the port number of this Peer.</p> <p>⑤ On General tab of Delay Before Call Completion, Voice Call Timeout and SIP From Header Details.</p> <p>⑥ On T.38 tab of Peer Properties window configure Outbound Initial Media Offer and CNG options.</p> <p>⑦ On T.38 tab of Peer Properties window configure Delay before Re-INVITE.</p> <p>⑧ On T.38 tab of Peer Properties window configure properties of the T38 redundancy section.</p> <p>⑨ On Codecs tab click Add button to choose codec from Available Codecs list.</p>	<p>③ Transport: UDP</p> <p>④ 5060</p> <p>⑤ Delay Before Call C second Voice Call Timeout – Display name – empty User - \$SenderFax\$ Host - \$LocalHostIP\$</p> <p>⑥ Outbound Initial M CNG - Send CNG us</p> <p>⑦ Delay before Re-IN</p> <p>⑧ LS redundancy (po – 2 HS redundancy (poss 1</p> <p>⑨ It depends on code three supported poss Infrastructure: - G.711 A-Law - G.711 u-law - or G.729 8kH</p>
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Peer Properties

General | T.38 | Codecs | Inbound Modification Table

Options

Host Name: 172.22.246.33

Transport: UDP

Port: 5060

Media Type: T.38 Fax Relay

G.711 fallback delay after fax detection (milliseconds): 3500

Delay Before Call Completion (seconds): 1

Voice Call Timeout (seconds): 40

"user" parameter in SIP URI: phone

VIA and CONTACT Headers Host Name Override:

V.34 Enabled

Use Proxy

Host Name:

SIP From Header Details

Display Name:

User: \$SenderFax\$

Host: \$LocalHostIP\$

SIP Session Timer

Use Session Timer

Session Interval (seconds): 1800

Minimum Timer (seconds): 90

OK

Picture 7: Example of Driver Configuration – new Peer SIP configuration

Peer Properties

General | T.38 | Codecs | Inbound Modification Table

Options

Outbound Initial Media Offer: Audio

CNG: Send using RTP

Delay Before Re-INVITE (seconds): 2

Leading T.38 "no-signal" Packets: 3

Send T.38 Re-INVITE (Sending Side)

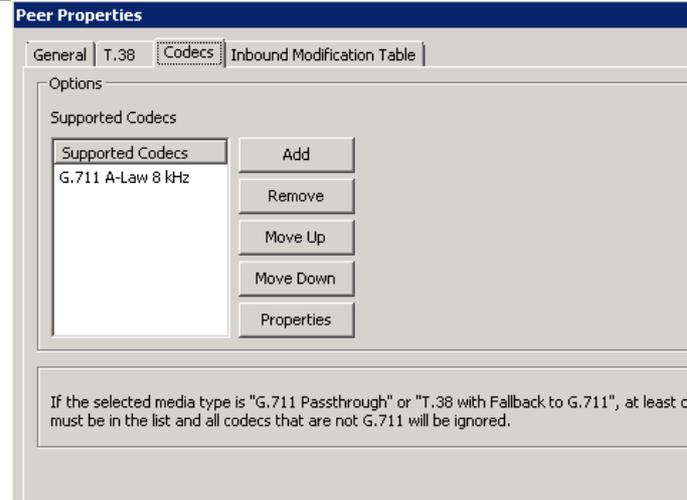
Delay Before Re-INVITE (seconds): 2

T38 Redundancy

Low Speed Redundancy Depth: 2

High Speed Redundancy Depth: 1

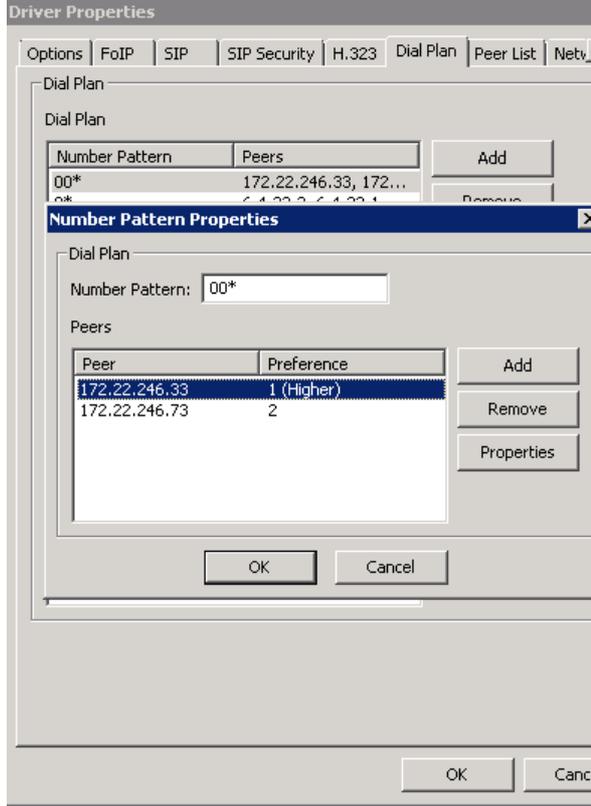
Picture 8: Example of Driver Configuration - new Peer SIP configuration



Picture 9: Example of Driver Configuration – new Peer

In the **Driver properties** dialog, select the **Dial Plan** tab.

Parameter Name	Parameter Value
<p>❶ Click Add button. Provide number pattern you wish to associate with the list of Peers below.</p>	<p>❶ * (asterisk) Note: You must specify the number of digits anticipated. Values entered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The asterisk (*) indicates the number of digits. - The question mark (?) indicates a single digit.
<p>❷ Select a Peer to Add to the List Associated with a Number Pattern. Click Add button to select configured Peer (Orange SBC).</p>	<p>❷ Peer: 6.5.6.1 Preference: 1 (Higher)</p>
<p>❸ On General tab of Peer Properties window provide the transport type (UDP, TCP or TLS) to be used by this Peer.</p>	<p>❸ Transport: UDP</p>

	
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Picture 10: Example of Driver Configuration – Dial Plan configuration

Note: If XmediusFAX is installed in high availability mode driver services must be configured on all nodes visible in hosts list.

	Incoming routing table (System Configuration)						
Step 7	<p>XMediusFax > System Configuration > Hosts > Incoming Routing Table</p> <p>In the MMC Snap-in, select the Incoming Routing Table node and click Properties. The Routing Table Entry Properties dialog appears</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Parameter Name</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Parameter Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>❶ Enter a valid DNIS/DID number in the Lower Bound field.</td> <td>❶ 3580000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>❷ Enter a valid DNIS/DID number in the Upper Bound field.</td> <td>❷ 3580099</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Note: The Lower Bound and Upper Bound values must have the same amount of digits and the Upper Bound value must be higher than the Lower Bound value.</p> <p>❸ Site : Sagem</p>	Parameter Name	Parameter Value	❶ Enter a valid DNIS/DID number in the Lower Bound field.	❶ 3580000	❷ Enter a valid DNIS/DID number in the Upper Bound field.	❷ 3580099
Parameter Name	Parameter Value						
❶ Enter a valid DNIS/DID number in the Lower Bound field.	❶ 3580000						
❷ Enter a valid DNIS/DID number in the Upper Bound field.	❷ 3580099						

	<p>③ Select the site to which you want to associate these values, from the list in the Site field.</p> <p>④ Enter the site Call Station ID in the CSID field.</p>	<p>④ CSID : sagem</p>
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12.3.1 CUCM Configuration

This section describes the steps necessary to take on CUCM in order to integrate it with Sagem Xmedius Fax server.

12.3.1.1 SIP Trunk Configuration

Go to Device -> Trunk and click Add New. On next page, select following options:

- **Trunk Type:** SIP Trunk
- **Device Protocol:** SIP
- **Trunk Service Type:** None (Default)

Click Next. In next window, configure following options:

Device Information	
Product:	SIP Trunk
Device Protocol:	SIP
Trunk Service Type	None(Default)
Device Name*	TRK-Xmedius
Description	TRK-Xmedius
Device Pool*	HQ
Common Device Configuration	< None >
Call Classification*	Use System Default
Media Resource Group List	HQ506_MRGL_mtp_all_cfb_xcode
Location*	HQ

SIP Information

Destination

Destination Address is an SRV

1*

MTP Preferred Originating Codec* 711ulaw

BLF Presence Group* Standard Presence group

SIP Trunk Security Profile* Non Secure SIP Trunk Profile

Rerouting Calling Search Space < None >

Out-Of-Dialog Refer Calling Search Space < None >

SUBSCRIBE Calling Search Space < None >

SIP Profile* Standard SIP Profile with PRACKs,EO,send-recv [View Details](#)

DTMF Signaling Method* No Preference

Setting	Value	Description
Device Name	TRK-Xmedius	Name of SIP Trunk
Device Pool	HQ	Device Pool, to which this SIP Trunk belongs
Media Resource Group List	MRGL_MTP_XCODE	Select MRGL which has MTPs, transcoders and other standard media resources.
Destination Address	IP Address of Sagem Xmedius	Specify the IP address of Sagem Xmedius Fax server
Destination Port	5060	Specify the port, which will be used for communication, 5060 is default one.
SIP Trunk Security Profile	Non-Secure SIP Trunk Profile	Standard, built-in SIP Trunk Security Profile.
SIP Profile	Standard SIP Profile with PRACKs, EO, send-recv	Standard SIP Profile.
DTMF Signalling Method	No Preference	Chooses any compliant method of DTMF signals transport.

Select Save - this finishes configuration of SIP Trunk.

12.3.1.2 Route Pattern Configuration

In order to have calls routed to Sagem Xmedius, we need to configure the dial-plan element which will allow this. Go to Call Routing -> Route/Hunt > Route Pattern. Click Add New button and configure following options:

Pattern Definition

Route Pattern*

Route Partition

Description

Numbering Plan

Route Filter

MLPP Precedence*

Apply Call Blocking Percentage

Resource Priority Namespace Network Domain

Route Class*

Gateway/Route List* [\(Edit\)](#)

Route Option
 Route this pattern
 Block this pattern

Call Classification*

Called Party Transformations

Discard Digits

Called Party Transform Mask

Prefix Digits (Outgoing Calls)

Called Party Number Type*

Called Party Numbering Plan*

Setting	Value	Description
Route Pattern	Depends on deployment Here: 3580001	Dialed number that will be directed to Sagem Xmedius fax server.
Called Party Transform Mask	Depends on deployment Here: 463000X	Called number to which originally dialed number will be transformed to. Can be left blank if no change required.

Confirmation tests

12.4 Validation overview

The complete FAX gateway/endpoint validation consists of

1. Functional tests – mix of tests using G3 and Super G3 machines in both directions. Engineering confirms overall page transmission quality (visual comparison) and technical aspects like T38 profile, transmission speed, T30 negotiation and fallback to G3.
2. Statistical tests – stress tests of device. FaxLab application connected to ChannelTrap simulators repeats fax calls many times to confirm device stability in longer period of time.

12.5 Validation

12.5.1 Functional

It is a list of incoming and outgoing FAX calls going through **Business Talk** infrastructure. Following tests should be done using **non empty page** (full text or simple image).

Test Distribution		
Direction	Gateway	PSTN Fax
Incoming	G3	G3
Outgoing	G3	G3
Incoming	SG3	G3
Outgoing	SG3	G3
Incoming	G3	SG3
Outgoing	G3	SG3
Incoming	SG3	SG3
Outgoing	SG3	SG3

12.5.2 Statistical

Statistical tests have been done to confirm live implementation stability. Statistical session as described in following table:

Type of calls		Number of pages
Fax type	Direction	10p
G3	Incoming	100x
	Outgoing	100x
SG3	Incoming	100x
	Outgoing	100x